

FLASHING IN 4 COLOR

Here is a convenient way of making items flash on the DAI display. The method uses a small machine code routine which is triggered by the RST7 interrupt. At intervals controlled by a parameter the routine switches the value in the colour control byte at location EBFF2. This is the one which is used to set up colour register 3 in a 4-colour mode. As a result anything which is drawn on the screen using colour '3' will flash (change colour regularly).

Here is the machine code routine that I use:-

```
FLASH:  - PUSH H
        LXI  H, SWITCH
        SHLD E70          ; INTERCEPT RST7
        POP  H
        RET

SPEED:  DC   10          ; FLASH RATE PARAMETER
REMAIN  DC   0          ; WORKING REMAINDER VALUE
DIFFER  DC   0          ; COLOUR CHANGE PARAMETER
SWITCH: PUSH  PSW
        LXI  H, SPEED   ; EACH TIME SWITCH IS EXECUTED
        MOV  A, M       ; SPEED IS ADDED TO REMAIN
        INX  H          ; IF A CARRY OCCURS IT IS TIME
        ADD  M          ; TO SWAP COLOURS IN EBFF2
        MOV  M, A
        JNC  NOCARRY
        INX  H
        LDA  EBFF2     ; 'DIFFER' IS TAKEN AS THE
        XRA  M         ; LOGICAL DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
        STA  EBFF2     ; THE TWO COLOUR CODES
NOCARRY: POP  PSW
        LXI  H, ED9A9  ; NORMAL RST7 CONTINUATION
        PCHL
```

Here is a simple example program using the technique.

```
10 CLEAR 1000
20 POKE E29B,3: POKE E29D,PEEK(E29D)-1: REM make space
30 FOR I=E2EC TO E30F: READ J: POKE I,J: NEXT
40 MODE 6A: COLORS 15 5 1 5
50 CALLM E2EC: REM Activate FLASH routine
60 POKE E2F7,10: REM Colour register will alternate 15 - 5
60 FILL 100,50 110,60 21: REM Ordinary green blob
70 FILL 150,50 160,60 23: REM Flashing green blob
80 DATA EE5, E21, EF8, E02, E22, E70, E00, EE1, EC9
90 DATA E0A, E00, E00, EF5, E21, EF5, E02, E7E, E23
100 DATA E86, E77, ED2, E0B, E03, E23, E3A, EF2, EBF
110 DATA EAE, E32, EF2, EBF, EF1, E21, EA9, ED9, EE9
```

Now you can try different speeds and colours by POKING values into E2F5 and E2F7- (E2F5 is the speed control and is preset at 10 giving a flash time in milliseconds of $20 \times (256/10)$ or about half a second in each colour; - E2F7 is the logical difference between the colour codes). The difference should not exceed 15 or it will destroy the screen format.

IMPORTANT NOTE: flashing at a rate of between 7 and 10 cycles per second can be unpleasant and even dangerous! so avoid values for SPEED which are greater than 50 or so.

```

002      *
003      * Peter Lelie, 19-Oct-82
004      * D-4047 Dormagen-Zons
005      * Wilhelm Busch Strasse 36
006      * Tel.: (02106) 46852
007      *
008      *
009      * Program Description
010      *
011      * The printer spooler consists of three parts:
012      *
013      * 1. Entry point ENTER
014      * Called via DOUTC (:02DD). If you want text to
015      * be printed, POKE #131,3 . From now on all the
016      * PRINTed stuff will be entered into the printer
017      * buffer (inside RAM). If the buffer is filled,
018      * the program waits for buffer to become free.
019      * To switch off the entering of output into the
020      * buffer, just POKE #131,1 .
021      *
022      * 2. Entry point SPOOL
023      * Called via RST7 every 20 msec. As the printer
024      * is ready and there are characters inside the
025      * buffer area, they will be printed, one after
026      * another. After a character has been printed,
027      * the used bufferspace will be freed for further
028      * use by ENTER. SPOOL takes attention on the
029      * 'DATA TERMINAL READY'-signal from the printer.
030      *
031      * 3. Entry point INIT
032      * To be called from BASIC (only one time) to
033      * install the spooler. BEFORE loading a BASIC
034      * program, do a CALLM #300 to init the spooler
035      * and to adjust the heap pointer and a NEW is
036      * generated. After the first INIT, nothing bad
037      * will happen if you do another CALLM #300,
038      * as this will only execute a RETURN instruction.
039      *
040      *
041      * DECLARATIONS
042      *
043      BAUD   EQU   :C0       ;9600 Bd
044      *
045      BUFSIZ EQU   :800     ;buffer size (2k)
046      DOUTC  EQU   :02DD    ;output vector
047      HEAP   EQU   :0298    ;heap ptr loc.
048      JUMP   EQU   :C3      ;code for JMP
049      PRISW  EQU   :0131    ;printer switch
050      RETUR  EQU   :C9      ;code for RET
051      RST7   EQU   :0070    ;vector addr.
052      *
053      * DAI hardware related declarations
054      BRREG  EQU   :FF05    ;Baudrate reg.
055      DTR    EQU   :FD00    ;data term rdy
056      V24DA  EQU   :FFF6    ;ser. data
057      V24ST  EQU   :FFF3    ;ser. status
058      *
059      * DAI ROM entrypoints:
060      CMPDH  EQU   :DE14    ;compare DE, HL
061      OPSYS  EQU   :D9A9    ;rest of RST7
062      PMSG   EQU   :DAD4    ;print message
063      RNEW   EQU   :DEB8    ;Basic NEW
064      *
065      * Literals

```

SOFTWARE PRINTER-SPOOLER

```

066 CR EQU :0D ;car ret
067 FF EQU :0C ;formfeed
068 LF EQU :0A ;linefeed
069 *
070 *
071 ORG :0300
072 0300 C37A03 INIT JMP SETUP ;RET after init
073 *
074 * ENTRY POINT VIA RST7
075 *
076 0303 D5 SPOOL PUSH D ;SAVE REG'S
077 0304 E5 PUSH H
078 0305 F5 PUSH PSW
079 *
080 * avoid output to screen and printer:
081 *
082 0306 213101 LXI H,PRISW ;if = 0
083 0309 7E MOV A,M ;then
084 030A FE00 CPI :00 ;make
085 030C C21003 JNZ OK ;PRISW=1
086 030F 34 INR M ;
087 *
088 * is RS232 ready for output?
089 *
090 0310 3A00FD OK LDA DTR ;term ready?
091 0313 E608 ANI :08 ;
092 0315 CA3E03 JZ RETRN ;
093 0318 3AF3FF LDA V24ST ;UART ready?
094 031B E610 ANI :10 ;
095 031D CA3E03 JZ RETRN ;
096 *
097 * ready for output;
098 * do we have any output?
099 *
100 0320 2A7803 LHL PTR2 ;
101 0323 EB XCHG ;
102 0324 CD6003 CALL COMPAR ;is PTR1<>PTR2?
103 0327 CA3E03 JZ RETRN ;RET if not
104 032A 7E MOV A,M ;get char
105 032B 32F6FF STA V24DA ;print it
106 032E FE0D CPI CR ;carriage return ?
107 0330 C23803 JNZ NOCR ;no
108 0333 360A MVI M,LF ;replace CR into LF
109 0335 C33E03 JMP RETRN ;no change of pointers
110 0338 CD6703 NOCR CALL INCPTR ;move pointer
111 033B 227603 SHLD PTR1 ;and restore
112 033E F1 RETRN POP PSW ;restore reg's
113 033F E1 POP H ;
114 0340 D1 POP D ;
115 0341 C3A9D9 JMP OPSYS ;back to opsys
116 *
117 * The following routine is called via
118 * 'DOUTC'
119 * Purpose: enter the received character
120 * into printer buffer
121 0344 D5 ENTER PUSH D ;save reg's
122 0345 E5 PUSH H ;
123 0346 F5 PUSH PSW ;
124 *
125 0347 2A7803 LHL PTR2 ;
126 034A CD6703 CALL INCPTR ;
127 034D EB XCHG ;
128 034E CD6003 LOOP CALL COMPAR ;try to find
129 0351 CA4E03 JZ LOOP ;buffer space

```

```

130      *
131      * buffer space available:
132      * now put char into buffer:
133 0354 F1      POP      PSW      ;
134 0355 2A7803  LHL D  PTR2      ;
135 0358 77      MOV      M,A      ;stor in buff
136 0359 EB      XCHG                     ;
137 035A 227803  SHLD   PTR2      ;stor new PTR2
138 035D E1      POP      H      ;restore reg's
139 035E D1      POP      D      ;
140 035F C9      RET                      ;to sender!
141      *
142      * SUBROUTINES
143      *
144      * compare values in HL and DE
145      *
146 0360 2A7603  COMPAR  LHL D  PTR1      ;get 1st ptr
147 0363 CD14DE  CALL   CMPDH      ;comp DE, HL
148 0366 C9      RET                      ;
149      *
150      * move PTR in HL to next position
151      *
152 0367 11790B  INCPTR  LXI   D, BUFEND  ;get end of buff
153 036A CD14DE  CALL   CMPDH      ;compare
154 036D C27403  JNZ    NXT      ;OK if not end
155      * reached end of buffer:
156      * goto start of buffer
157 0370 217A03  LXI    H, BUFFER      ;PTR = BUFFER
158 0373 C9      RET                      ;
159 0374 23      NXT     INX   H      ;PTR = next pos.
160 0375 C9      RET                      ;
161      *
162      * Buffer area following:
163      *
164 0376 0000    PTR1   DBL   :0000
165 0378 0000    PTR2   DBL   :0000
166      *
167 037A        BUFFER  RES   BUFSIZ-1
168 0B79 00      BUFEND  DATA :00
169 0B7A 00      FINI   NOP
170      *
171      * the following code is located inside
172      * the printer buffer. After INIT it
173      * will be overwritten!
174      *
175      *      ORG   BUFFER
176      *
177 037A E5      SETUP  PUSH  H      ;save reg's
178 037B F5      PUSH  PSW      ;
179 037C 3EC3     MVI   A,JUMP      ;set up DOUTC
180 037E 32DD02   STA   DOUTC      ;
181 0381 214403   LXI   H,ENTER      ;
182 0384 22DE02   SHLD  DOUTC+1      ;
183      *
184 0387 3EC9     MVI   A,RETUR      ;kill entrypoint
185 0389 320003   STA   INIT        ;
186      *
187 038C 217A03   LXI   H,BUFFER      ;ini PTR1 & PTR2
188 038F 227603   SHLD  PTR1        ;
189 0392 227803   SHLD  PTR2        ;
190      *
191 0395 3EC0     MVI   A,BAUD      ;init baudrate
192 0397 3205FF   STA   BRREG       ;
193      *

```

```

194 039A 3E01          MVI  A,1          ;printer off
195 039C 323101        STA  PRISW        ;
196                   *
197 039F 217A0B        LXI  H,FINI       ;set heap ptr
198 03A2 229B02        SHLD HEAP        ;
199 03A5 CDB8DE        CALL RNEW        ;run NEW
200                   *
201 03AB 21B703        LXI  H,TXT$      ;print msg
202 03AB CDD4DA        CALL PMSG        ;
203                   *
204 03AE 210303        LXI  H,SPOOL     ;init RST7
205 03B1 227000        SHLD RST7       ;
206                   *
207 03B4 F1            POP  PSW         ;
208 03B5 E1            POP  H           ;
209 03B6 C9            RET              ;
210                   *
211                   *
212 03B7 0C            TXT$  DATA  FF
213 03B8 507269        ASC  'Printer spooler '
214 03C8 696E69        ASC  'initialized.'
215 03D4 0D0D        DATA  CR,CR
216 03D6 507269        ASC  'Printer ON : POKE #131,3'
217 03EE 0D            DATA  CR
218 03EF 202020        ASC  '          OFF: POKE #131,1'
219 0407 0D0D00        DATA  CR,CR,0
220                   *
221                   LENGTH  EQU  FINI-SPOOL
222 040A                   END

```

```

*****
* S Y M B O L   T A B L E *
*****

```

BAUD	00C0	BRREG	FF05	BUFEND	0B79	BUFFER	037A
BUFSIZ	0800	CMPDH	DE14	COMPAR	0360	CR	000D
DOUTC	02DD	DTR	FD00	ENTER	0344	FF	000C
FINI	0B7A	HEAP	029B	INCPTR	0367	INIT	0300
JUMP	00C3	LENGTH	0B77	LF	000A	LOOP	034E
NOCR	033B	NXT	0374	OK	0310	OPSYS	D9A9
PMSG	DAD4	PRISW	0131	PTR1	0376	PTR2	0378
RETRN	033E	RETUR	00C9	RNEW	DEB8	RST7	0070
SETUP	037A	SPOOL	0303	TXT\$	03B7	V24DA	FFF6
V24ST	FFF3						

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READ/WRITE IN UTILITY

HOW TO USE UTILITY 'WRITE' AND 'READ' IN M.L. PROGRAMS

=====

The DAI utility package doesnot have a simple entry to enable writing to and reading from tape in combination with machine language programs. The onliest possibility to write and read M.L. programs is via the direct Utility commands 'W' and 'R'.

Annexed routines give an entry to the 'W'- and 'R'-routines in combination with M.L. programs.

When you are working with the Utility package, ROM-bank 3 of the firmware is used. Here also the write and the read routines for file type 1 (hex-files) can be found, resp. on 3EEE4 and 3EFOF. These are used in the routines below.

The WRITE routine (to be used via CALL WRITE), prints a 'W' on the screen. Then the startaddress and the endaddress of the file to be saved can be typed in, as well as the name of the file. Then the file is written to tape in exactly the same way as always.

The READ routine (CALL READ) works the same way. It prints a 'R', and then an eventual offset and the file name can be typed in. Then the file is read from tape.

```
002          *
003          *
004          ORG      :300
005          *
006          *
007 0300 E5      WRITE  PUSH  H
008 0301 D5      PUSH  D
009 0302 C5      PUSH  B
010 0303 F5      PUSH  PSW
011 0304 CD5EDD  CALL   :DD5E      CAR.RET
012 0307 3E57    MVI   A, :57
013 0309 CD60DD  CALL   :DD60      PRINT 'W'
014 030C CDE4EE  CALL   :EEE4      'WRITE'
015 030F F1      POP   PSW
016 0310 C1      POP   B
017 0311 D1      POP   D
018 0312 E1      POP   H
019 0313 C9      RET
020          *
021          *
022          *
023 0314 E5      READ   PUSH  H
024 0315 D5      PUSH  D
025 0316 C5      PUSH  B
026 0317 F5      PUSH  PSW
027 0318 CD5EDD  CALL   :DD5E      CAR.RET
028 031B 3E52    MVI   A, :52
029 031D CD60DD  CALL   :DD60      PRINT 'R'
030 0320 CD0FEF  CALL   :EFOF      'READ'
031 0323 F1      POP   PSW
032 0324 C1      POP   B
033 0325 D1      POP   D
034 0326 E1      POP   H
035 0327 C9      RET
036          *
037          *
038          *
039 0328          END
```

The routine WRITE1 is a second possibility to write files on tape under control of a m.l.program.
 Before calling this routine, the low-address of the file to be saved must be in the HL-register and the high-address in the DE-register. This is useful when the boundaries of the file depend on the action performed by your m.l.program.
 The routine asks for the filename to be typed in before the file is written to tape.

```

001                                ORG    :300
002                                *
003 0300 E5                        WRITE1  PUSH  H
004 0301 D5                        PUSH  D
005 0302 C5                        PUSH  B
006 0303 F5                        PUSH  PSW
007 0304 CD0C03                    CALL  WRITE2
008 0307 F1                        POP   PSW
009 0308 C1                        POP   B
010 0309 D1                        POP   D
011 030A E1                        POP   H
012 030B C9                        RET
013                                *
014 030C E5                        WRITE2  PUSH  H
015 030D D5                        PUSH  D
016 030E 211703                    LXI  H,NAME
017 0311 CD2FED                    CALL  :ED2F          PRINT NAME:
018 0314 C3EDEE                    JMP   :EEED          'WRITE'
019                                *
020 0317 0D                        NAME   DATA  :0D
021 0318 4E                        DATA  :4E      N
022 0319 41                        DATA  :41      A
023 031A 4D                        DATA  :4D      M
024 031B 45                        DATA  :45      E
025 031C 20                        DATA  :20
026 031D 3A                        DATA  :3A      :
027 031E 20                        DATA  :20
028 031F 00                        DATA  :00
029                                *
030 0320                                END

```

The use of the CHECK-routine in m.l.programs is difficult. Not only because it is a routine which can only be aborted by a BREAK, but also because the program- or filenames are given via a 'fast-print' routine. This routine 'prints' the filenames on the screen by poking the name directly into the screen RAM area.
 Maybe someone wants to try to write a routine for this purpose. The article 'Cassette list' in DAINamic 82/1-p.48 can be helpful.
 Please let me know when you succeeded.

Jan Boerrigter

program identification

title : LARGE TEXT (PRINTER-POSTER)
author : T. GROENEVELD
purpose : generates jumbo print-out
comment : control-characters are for EPSON-printers

```
1  REM CHANGE LINE SPACING ON EPSON : ?CHR$(27);"A";CHR$(9)
2  MODE 0: CLEAR 5000: COLORT 15 0 0 0: POKE #131,1
5  PRINT CHR$(12): PRINT
6  PRINT "          #####"
7  PRINT "          #    LARGE TEXT    #"
8  PRINT "          #    =====    #"
9  PRINT "          #####": PRINT
10 INPUT "  Hoeveel karakters vertikaal..... "; X%: PRINT : PRINT
20 INPUT "  Hoeveel karakters horizontaal..... "; Y%: PRINT : PRINT
21 INPUT "  Wilt u tabulator gebruiken (J/N)... "; L$: PRINT : PRINT
22 G1%=0.0: IF L$="J" THEN G1%=1.0
23 PRINT "  Met welke tekst dienen karakters opgebouwd"
24 INPUT "  te worden..... "; M$: PRINT : PRINT
29 INPUT "  Wat zijn de gewenste karakters..... "; A$: PRINT : PRINT
30 IF M$="" OR A$="" THEN 5
35 INPUT "  STEL PAPIER IN EN GEEF RETURN"; O$: PRINT : POKE #131,0
40 A%=ASC(LEFT$(A$,1))
65 DIM S%(10.0), J%(10.0), F%(10.0)
70 FOR T%=0.0 TO LEN(A$)-1.0
80 P%=MID$(A$,T%,1)
90 FOR Q%=1.0 TO 50.0
94 READ S%, S%(1.0), S%(2.0), S%(3.0), S%(4.0), S%(5.0), S%(6.0), S%(7.0)
98 IF P$=" " THEN 812
100 IF P$=S$ THEN 200
120 NEXT Q%
200 RESTORE
201 X$=M$
205 FOR U%=1.0 TO 7.0
210 FOR K%=8.0 TO 0.0 STEP -1.0
230 IF INT(2.0^K%+0.5)<INT(S%(U%)) THEN 270
235 REM PRINT INT(2.0^K%), INT(S(U)), U
240 J%(9.0-K%)=0.0
250 GOTO 280
270 J%(9.0-K%)=1.0: S%(U%)=S%(U%)-INT(2.0^K%+0.5)
272 IF INT(S%(U%))=1.0 THEN 815
280 NEXT K%
445 FOR T1%=1.0 TO X%
447 PRINT TAB((63.0-4.5*Y%)*G1%/(LEN(X$))+1.0);
450 FOR B%=1.0 TO F%(U%)
460 IF INT(J%(B%))=0.0 THEN 500
465 FOR I%=1.0 TO Y%: PRINT X$;: NEXT I%
470 GOTO 600
500 FOR I%=1.0 TO Y%
510 FOR I1%=1.0 TO LEN(X$)
520 PRINT " ";: NEXT I1%
530 NEXT I%
600 NEXT B%
```



```

620 PRINT
630 NEXT T1%
700 NEXT U%
750 FOR H%=1.0 TO 2.0*X%:PRINT :NEXT H%
800 NEXT T%
806 REM FOR N=1.0 TO 5.0:PRINT :NEXT N
810 POKE #131,1:GOTO 5
812 FOR N%=1.0 TO 7.0*X%:PRINT :NEXT N%
813 GOTO 800
815 F%(U%)=9.0-K%:GOTO 445
899 DATA " ",0,0,0,0,0,0,0
900 DATA "A",505,37,35,34,35,37,505
901 DATA "G",125,131,258,258,290,163,101
902 DATA "E",512,274,274,274,274,258,258
903 DATA "T",2,2,2,512,2,2,2
904 DATA "W",256,257,129,65,129,257,256
905 DATA "L",512,257,257,257,257,257,257
906 DATA "S",69,139,274,274,274,163,69
907 DATA "O",125,131,258,258,258,131,125
908 DATA "N",512,7,9,17,33,193,512
909 DATA "F",512,18,18,18,18,2,2
910 DATA "K",512,17,17,41,69,131,258
911 DATA "B",512,274,274,274,274,274,239
912 DATA "D",512,258,258,258,258,131,125
913 DATA "H",512,17,17,17,17,17,512
914 DATA "M",512,7,13,25,13,7,512
915 DATA "?",5,3,2,354,18,11,5
916 DATA "U",128,129,257,257,257,129,128
917 DATA "R",512,18,18,50,82,146,271
918 DATA "P",512,18,18,18,18,18,15
919 DATA "Q",125,131,258,258,322,131,381
920 DATA "Y",8,9,17,481,17,9,8
921 DATA "V",64,65,129,257,129,65,64
922 DATA "X",388,69,41,17,41,69,388
923 DATA "Z",386,322,290,274,266,262,260
924 DATA "I",258,258,258,512,258,258,258
925 DATA "C",125,131,258,258,258,131,69
926 DATA "J",65,129,257,257,257,129,128
927 DATA "1",0,0,261,259,512,257,257
928 DATA "2",261,387,322,290,274,267,261
929 DATA "*",69,41,17,512,17,41,69
930 DATA "3",66,130,258,274,266,150,100
931 DATA "4",33,49,41,37,35,512,33
932 DATA "5",160,274,274,274,274,274,226
933 DATA "6",194,291,293,297,305,289,193
934 DATA "7",258,130,66,34,18,10,8
935 DATA "8",69,171,274,274,274,171,69
936 DATA "9",263,138,74,42,26,10,7
937 DATA "=",41,41,41,41,41,41,41
938 DATA "!",1,1,1,384,1,1,1
939 DATA "0",57,69,131,258,131,69,52
940 DATA ".",1,1,129,449,129,1,1
1000 GOTO 5
1010 REM MET DEZE LARGE TEXT KUNT U TEKSTEN NAAR GEWENSTE GROOTTE MAKEN.
1020 REM VOORBEELD 1 IS: hor=4 vert=5 TAB=N tekst=X kar=DAI
1030 REM VOORBEELD 2 IS: hor=2 vert=4 TAB=N tekst=DAI kar=HALLO
1040 REM m.b.v TAB BEGINT DE PRINTER TAB(40) VERDER
1050 END

```

BASICODE II

HET BASICODE MACHINETAAL PROGRAMMA

MET DIT PROGRAMMA IS HET MOGELIJK PROGRAMMA'S MET ANDERE COMPUTERS UIT TE WISSELEN IN BASICODE FORMAAT. HET PROGRAMMA WORDT GELADEN DOOR ACHTEREENVOLGENS IN TE TOETSEN : 'UT', 'R' EN RETURN. NA HET LADEN TOETST U 'B' DAN IS DE COMPUTER TERUG IN DE BASIC MODE. HET PROGRAMMA WORDT GESTART DOOR CALLM #300. DAN IS ER KEUS UIT 7 MOGELIJKHEDEN:

- 1 HET LADEN VAN EEN BASICODE PROGRAMMA: HIERBIJ WORDT AUTOMATISCH HET MID\$-STATEMENT GECORRIGEERD (DEZE IS BIJ DE DAI AFWIJKEND VAN ANDERE COMPUTERS).
- 2 WEGSCHRIJVEN VANAF REGEL 1000 VAN HET AANWEZIGE PROGRAMMA. OOK HIER WORDT HET MID\$-STATEMENT GECORRIGEERD; BOVENDIEN WORDEN DE SPATIES TUSSEN REGELNUMMER EN REGEL ONDERDRUKT.
- 3 HET LADEN VAN EEN BASICODE PROGRAMMA (ZONDER CORRECTIE).
- 4 WEGSCHRIJVEN VAN HET BASIC PROGRAMMA (ZONDER CORRECTIE).
- 5 WISSEN VAN HET AANWEZIGE BASIC PROGRAMMA EN HET (OPNIEUW) INVOEREN VAN DE BASICODE SUBROUTINES.
- 6 HET MERGEN VAN DE BASICODE SUBROUTINES MET HET AANWEZIGE PROGRAMMA.
- 7 HET STARTEN VAN HET (NIEUWE) BASICODE PROGRAMMA.

VOOR HET LADEN VAN EEN BASICODE PROGRAMMA, WORDT HET AANWEZIGE PROGRAMMA NAAR DE EDITBUFFER GESTUURD (DIT DUURT ENIGE TIJD). ALS DIT KLAAR IS VERSCHIJNT DE MEDEDELING 'TYPE SPACE'. DAN START U DE RECORDER EN DRUKT U OP DE SPATIEBALK ALS U DE FLUITTOON (= LEADER) HOORT. DE REST GEBEURT AUTOMATISCH.

ALS HET PROGRAMMA GELADEN IS VERSCHIJNT EEN VAN DE VOLGENDE MEDEDELINGEN:

- 1 DATA DROPOUT ERROR (BIJ EEN DROPOUT OP DE BAND).
 - 2 CHECKSUM ERROR (STORING OP DE BAND).
 - 3 NO TAPE ERROR (GEEN BANDFOUT).
- OP DIT MOMENT WORDT DE EDITBUFFER GELEEGD, WAARNA HET PROGRAMMA GEREED VOOR GEBRUIK IS. MOGELIJK ZIJN ER ENKELE KLEINE FOUTJES BV SYNTAX ERROR, OVERFLOW ETC. DEZE ZIJN OP DE GEBRUIKELIJKE MANIER IN DE EDITMODE TE VERBETEREN.

VOOR HET WEGSCHRIJVEN VAN HET PROGRAMMA, WORDT DIT VERPLAATST NAAR EEN BUFFER. DIT DUURT ENIGE TIJD (AFHANKELIJK VAN DE LENGTE VAN HET PROGRAMMA), WAARNA DE MEDEDELING 'SET RECORD, START TAPE TYPE SPACE' VERSCHIJNT. NU DRUKT U OP DE SPATIEBALK, WAARNA DE BASICODE UIT DE COMPUTER (CASSETTE INTERFACE) KOMT.

BASICODE II

THE BASICODE MACHINE LANGUAGE PROGRAM.

WITH THIS PROGRAM IT IS POSSIBLE TO EXCHANGE PROGRAMS WITH OTHER COMPUTERS.

THIS PROGRAM CAN BE LOADED BY KEYING (FROM BASIC):

'UT', 'R' AND RETURN . WHEN THIS IS DONE TYPE 'B'

THE COMPUTER IS THEN BACK IN BASIC MODE.

THIS TRANSLATION PROGRAM IS STARTED BY CALLM #300.

THERE IS THEN A CHOICE OF 7 POSSIBILITIES:

- 1 LOADING A BASICODE PROGRAM FROM TAPE: HERE, THE MID\$-STATEMENT WILL BE AUTOMATICALLY CORRECTED (THIS STATEMENT IS DIFFERENT FROM OTHER COMPUTERS).
- 2 SAVING FROM LINE 1000 OF THE PRESENT BASICODE PROGRAM: ALSO HERE THE MID\$-STATEMENT WILL BE CORRECTED; BESIDES, THE SPACES BETWEEN LINE NUMBER AND LINE WILL BE SUPPRESSED.
- 3 LOADING OF THE BASICODE PROGRAM (WITHOUT ANY CORRECTION).
- 4 SAVING OF THE TOTAL PROGRAM (WITHOUT ANY CORRECTION).
- 5 CANCELLING THE PRESENT PROGRAM AND (RE)STORING THE BASICODE SUBROUTINES.
- 6 MERGING THE BASICODE SUBROUTINES WITH THE PRESENT PROGRAM.
- 7 STARTING THE (NEW) BASICODE PROGRAM.

BEFORE LOADING A BASICODE PROGRAM, THE PRESENT PROGRAM WILL BE SENT TO THE EDIT BUFFER (THIS TAKES SOME TIME). WHEN THIS IS READY THE ANNOUNCEMENT 'TYPE SPACE' APPEARS. THEN YOU CAN START THE RECORDER AND TYPE SPACE WHEN THE LEADER IS HEARD. THE REST TAKES PLACE AUTOMATICALLY. WHEN THIS ALL IS DONE AND LOADED THE FOLLOWING ANNOUNCEMENTS CAN APPEAR:

- 1 DATA DROPOUT ERROR (IF THERE IS A DROPOUT ON TAPE).
- 2 CHECKSUM ERROR (FAILURE ON TAPE).
- 3 NO TAPE ERROR (IF EVERYTHING ON TAPE IS OK).

AT THIS MOMENT THE EDITBUFFER WILL BE EMPTIED AND AFTER THIS THE PROGRAM IS READY FOR USE. THERE ARE POSSIBLY A FEW SMALL ERRORS SUCH AS E.G. SYNTAX ERROR, OVERFLOW ETC. THESE WILL BE CORRECTABLE AS USUAL IN THE EDITMODE.

BEFORE SAVING THE PROGRAM, IT WILL BE MOVED INTO A BUFFER. THIS ALSO TAKES SOME TIME (DEPENDING ON THE LENGTH OF PROGRAM), WHEREAFTER THE ANNOUNCEMENT 'SET RECORD, START TAPE AND TYPE SPACE' APPEARS. THE SPACE KEY SHOULD NOW BE PRESSED IN. THE BASICODE PROGRAM THEN COMES OUT OF THE COMPUTER (CASSETTE INTERFACE).

002	POPALL	EQU	:C14D	POP ALL REGISTERS AND RETURN
003	CASST	EQU	:D42E	START CASSETTE MOTORS
004	CASSP	EQU	:D445	STOP CASSETTE MOTORS
005	TIMER	EQU	:D54B	PRECISION TIMER TIME IN L
006	WSPACE	EQU	:D6DA	
007	SRSTTS	EQU	:DAFF	STRT TAPE, SET REC, TYPE SPACE
008	PSTR	EQU	:DB32	PRINT A STRING
009	FILLBU	EQU	:DD75	FILL EDIT BUFFER
010	ALFA	EQU	:DE02	TEST A-Z
011	COMPAR	EQU	:DE14	COMPARE DE - HL
012	NEW	EQU	:DEB8	
013	LIEDBU	EQU	:E19F	LIST IN EDIT BUFFER
014	DELEDI	EQU	:E228	MOVE EDIT BUFFER TO BASIC
015	INITED	EQU	:E26C	INIT EDITMODE
016	CURSOR	EQU	:0075	
017	EDBBGN	EQU	:00A2	STARTADDRESS EDITBUFFER
018	EDBPTR	EQU	:00A4	(EDIT) INPUT POINTER
019	EDBMAX	EQU	:00A6	END OF EDITBUFFER
020	INSW	EQU	:296	
021	INPMEM	EQU	:2EC	CASS. INF. MEMORY
022	CHKSUM	EQU	:2ED	CHECKSUM
023	ENDFLG	EQU	:2EE	
024	BASTAB	EQU	:2EF	
025	BTPTR	EQU	:2F1	
026	MID*FG	EQU	:2F3	
027	PTRIN	EQU	:2F4	
028	PTROUT	EQU	:2F6	
029	OLDPTR	EQU	:2F8	
030	STRPTR	EQU	:2FA	
031	FORMEM	EQU	:2FC	
032	TMPPTR	EQU	:2FD	
033	SPCFLG	EQU	:2FF	
034	INPORT	EQU	:FD00	CASSETTE INPUT PORT
035	OUTPRT	EQU	:FD06	CASSETTE OUTPUT PORT
036		ORG	:300	
037	0300 C32D07	BASTRT	JMP SLOT	
038	0303 C36703	READ	JMP R	READ BASICODE
039	0306 C37203	READCO	JMP RCO	READ W MID* CORR
040	0309 C35103	WRITE	JMP W	WRITE BASICODE
041	030C C35D03	WRITCO	JMP WCO	WRITE W MID*&SPACE CORR
042	030F C35706	WFINAL	JMP BUFEND	
043	0312 C3F005	HORSEW	JMP PRESUB	HORSEW+1=POINTER
044	0315 C36604	HORSER	JMP FIN	HORSER+1=POINTER
045	0318 CDB8DE	NE&BAS	CALL NEW	CANCEL WHOLE PROGRAM
046	031B C5	PREBAS	PUSH B	RESTORE BASIC PART
047	031C D5		PUSH D	
048	031D E5		PUSH H	
049	031E F3		DI	
050	031F 213303		LXI H, BASIC	
051	0322 22E102		SHLD :2E1	
052	0325 AF		XRA A	
053	0326 3C		INR A	
054	0327 329602		STA INSW	
055	032A 2AEF02		LHLD BASTAB	START OF BASICODE PROGR
056	032D 22F102		SHLD BTPTR	
057	0330 C33603		JMP Y	
058	0333 C5	BASIC	PUSH B	
059	0334 D5		PUSH D	
060	0335 E5		PUSH H	
061	0336 2AF102	Y	LHLD BTPTR	
062	0339 7E		MOV A, M	

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064	033B	22F102		SHLD	BTPTR	
065	033E	FE00		CPI	:00	
066	0340	C24D03		JNZ	POPEXP	
067	0343	329602		STA	INSW	
068	0346	21B4DD		LXI	H,:DDB4	
069	0349	22E102		SHLD	:2E1	
070	034C	FB		EI		
071	034D	E1	POPEXP	POP	H	
072	034E	D1		POP	D	
073	034F	C1		POP	B	
074	0350	C9		RET		
075	0351	E5	W	PUSH	H	
076	0352	21F005		LXI	H,PRESUB	
077	0355	221303		SHLD	HORSEW+1	
078	0358	E1		POP	H	
079	0359	C38405		JMP	CSTWRT	
080	035C	E5	WCO	PUSH	H	
081	035D	21B905		LXI	H,SPCABS	
082	0360	221303		SHLD	HORSEW+1	
083	0363	E1		POP	H	
084	0364	C38405		JMP	CSTWRT	
085	0367	E5	R	PUSH	H	
086	0368	216604		LXI	H,FIN	WITHOUT MID*-
087	036B	221603		SHLD	HORSER+1	CORRECTION
088	036E	E1		POP	H	
089	036F	C37A03		JMP	INIT	
090	0372	E5	RCD	PUSH	H	
091	0373	214904		LXI	H,COR	WITH MID*-
092	0376	221603		SHLD	HORSER+1	CORRECTION
093	0379	E1		POP	H	
094	037A	F5	INIT	PUSH	PSW	
095	037B	C5		PUSH	B	
096	037C	D5		PUSH	D	
097	037D	E5		PUSH	H	
098	037E	3EFF		MVI	A,:FF	*PLACE BLACK SQUARE
099	0380	327500		STA	CURSOR	*ON CURSOR
100	0383	CD6CE2		CALL	INITED	INIT EDITBUFFER
101	0386	CD9FE1		CALL	LIEDBU	LIST IN EDIT BUFFER
102	0389	AF		XRA	A	
103	038A	323101		STA	:131	RESET OUTPUT POINTER
104	038D	32EE02		STA	ENDFLG	RESET ENDFLG
105	0390	CD2ED4		CALL	CASST	CASS.START ROUTINE IN DAI
106	0393	215305		LXI	H,MESTYS	MESSAGE 'TYPE SPACE'
107	0396	CD32DB		CALL	PSTR	
108	0399	CDDAD6		CALL	WSPACE	WAIT FOR SPACEBAR PRESSED
109	039C	216005		LXI	H,MESLDB	MESSAGE 'LOADING BASICODE'
110	039F	CD32DB		CALL	PSTR	
111	03A2	CD2ED4		CALL	CASST	CASS.START ROUTINE IN DAI
112	03A5	2100FD	START	LXI	H,INPORT	ON FIRST TIME (ON START OF
113			*			PROGRAM)WAIT FOR CHANGING
114			*			INPUT.NO CHECK FOR TIME.
115	03A8	4E		MOV	C,M	
116	03A9	1E00	STARTS	MVI	E,:00	
117	03AB	7E		MOV	A,M	
118	03AC	A9		XRA	C	
119	03AD	F2AB03		JP	STARTS+2	
120	03B0	F3		DI		
121	03B1	4E		MOV	C,M	
122	03B2	1C	WAITFL	INR	E	WAIT FOR AN EDGE
123			*			ON THE INPUT PORT
124	03B3	CA1404		JZ	ERROR	TOO LONG ERROR

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126 03B7 A9 XRA C
127 03B8 F2B203 JP WAITFL WAIT FOR CHANGING INPUT
128 03BB 4E MOV C,M
129 03BC 1E78 STRTBT MVI E,:78
130 03BE 2E0D MVI L,:0D *****
131 03C0 CD4BD5 CALL TIMER
132 03C3 1C COUNT1 INR E
133 03C4 CA1404 JZ ERROR TOO LONG ERROR
134 03C7 7E MOV A,M
135 03C8 A9 XRA C
136 03C9 F2C303 JP COUNT1
137 03CC 4E MOV C,M
138 03CD 1C INR E
139 03CE F2BD03 JP STRTBT TOO SHORT FOR STARTBIT
140 03D1 1E8A MVI E,:8A
141 03D3 06FF MVI B,:FF
142 03D5 C30905 JMP SB
143 03D8 7B BYTE MOV A,E
144 03D9 C620 ADI :20 CARRY SET :BIT='1'
145 03DB 78 MOV A,B
146 03DC 1F RAR SHIFT
147 03DD 47 MOV B,A
148 03DE DAF804 JC BIT CARRY SET = NO STARTBIT
149 * SHIFTED IN CARRY
150 03E1 FB CSUM EI
151 03E2 3AEE02 LDA ENDFLG
152 03E5 B7 DRA A
153 03E6 C21E04 JNZ STOTEX IF ENDFLAG SET
154 03E9 3AED02 LDA CHKSUM
155 03EC A8 XRA B MODIFY CHECKSUM
156 03ED 32ED02 STA CHKSUM
157 03F0 78 MOV A,B
158 03F1 E67F ANI :7F
159 03F3 FE03 CPI :03 ASCII 3 = END OF TEXT
160 03F5 CA0804 JZ SETFLG
161 03F8 FE02 CPI :02 CLEAR CHECKSUM
162 03FA CA0E04 JZ CLCHSM
163 03FD CD75DD RETURN CALL FILLBU STORE CHARACTER IN
164 * (EDIT)BUFFER AND MODIFY
165 * POINTER
166 0400 3E20 MVI A,:20
167 0402 327500 STA CURSOR
168 0405 C3A503 JMP START
169 0408 32EE02 SETFLG STA ENDFLG SET ENDFLAG
170 040B C3A503 JMP START
171 040E 32ED02 CLCHSM STA CHKSUM
172 0411 C3A503 JMP START
173 0414 FB ERROR EI
174 0415 214005 LXI H,MESERR MESSAGE 'DATA DROPOUT ERROR'
175 0418 CD32DB CALL PSTR PRINT MESSAGE
176 041B C33604 JMP LAST
177 041E 3AED02 STOTEX LDA CHKSUM
178 0421 90 SUB B
179 0422 E67F ANI :7F
180 0424 CA3004 JZ GOOD
181 0427 212205 FALSE LXI H,MESFAL MESSAGE 'CHECKSUM ERROR'
182 042A CD32DB CALL PSTR PRINT MESSAGE
183 042D C33604 JMP LAST
184 0430 213105 GOOD LXI H,MESGD MESSAGE ' OK '
185 0433 CD32DB CALL PSTR PRINT MESSAGE
186 0436 3E0D LAST MVI A,:0D

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188 0439 03		DATA	:3	
189 043A 3E0D		MVI	A, :0D	
190 043C EF		RST	5	
191 043D 03		DATA	3	
192 043E 3E5F		MVI	A, :5F	
193 0440 327500		STA	CURSOR	' - ' IN CURSOR
194 0443 CD45D4		CALL	CASSP	STOP CASSETTE MOTORS
195 0446 C31503		JMP	HORSER	
196 0449 0600	CDR	MVI	B, :00	
197 044B 217505		LXI	H, MID\$	
198 044E 22FA02		SHLD	STRPTR	
199 0451 2AA400		LHLD	EDBPTR	EDIT INPUT POINTER
200 0454 22FB02		SHLD	OLDPTR	STORE IN POINTER
201 0457 EB		XCHG		
202 0458 2AA200		LHLD	EDBBGN	START OF EDITBUFFER
203 045B 7E	CHKWRD	MOV	A, M	
204 045C 23		INX	H	
205 045D CD7004		CALL	WDRCZR	CALL WORDRECOGNIZER
206 0460 CD14DE		CALL	COMPAR	END OF EDITBUFFER?
207 0463 C25B04		JNZ	CHKWRD	
208 0466 AF	FIN	XRA	A	A=00
209 0467 CD75DD		CALL	FILLBU	LAST BYTE IN BUFFER
210	*			(MUST BE A '00')
211 046A CD28E2		CALL	DELEDI	DELETE EDIT BUFFER
212 046D C34DC1		JMP	POPALL	POP REGISTERS AND RETURN
213	*			
214 0470 E5	WDRCZR	PUSH	H	SUBROUTINE WORDRECOGNIZER
215	*			TO RECOGNIZE THE MID\$-
216	*			STATEMENT
217 0471 FE0D		CPI	:0D	END OF ROW
218 0473 CA9B04		JZ	CKM\$FG	CHECK MID\$FLAG (IN ROW)
219 0476 FE20		CPI	:20	SPACE
220 0478 CA9604		JZ	STORE	NO FURTHER ACTION
221 047B 4F		MOV	C, A	C=CHARACTER
222 047C 78		MOV	A, B	B=COUNTER
223 047D FE05		CPI	:5	
224 047F CAAD04		JZ	COMMA	5 COUNTS AND A COMMA MEANS
225	*			FILL WITH ' - 1+'
226	*			E.G. MID\$("ABC", -1+N, 2)
227 0482 79	NCOMMA	MOV	A, C	
228 0483 2AFA02		LHLD	STRPTR	NO COMMA - STRINGPOINTER
229 0486 BE		CMP	M	
230 0487 CAD004		JZ	INRB	INCREMENT STRINGPOINTER
231 048A 78		MOV	A, B	
232 048B FE05		CPI	:5	
233 048D FADC04		JM	CLRB	
234 0490 79		MOV	A, C	
235 0491 FE29		CPI	:29	')' EG MID\$(A\$(0, 5), N, 2)
236 0493 CAD804		JZ	DCRB	
237 0496 CD75DD	STORE	CALL	FILLBU	
238 0499 E1		POP	H	
239 049A C9		RET		
240	*			
241 049B 3AF302	CKM\$FG	LDA	MID\$FG	MID\$FLAG MEANS THIS ROW
242	*			CONTAINS A STATEMENT 'MID\$'
243 049E B7		ORA	A	
244 049F C2E804		JNZ	ENCODE	
245 04A2 2AF802		LHLD	OLDPTR	NO MID\$ STATEMENT OLD POINT
246 04A5 22A400		SHLD	EDBPTR	IN EDITBUFFERPOINTER
247 04A8 0600		MVI	B, :00	
248 04AA C39904		JMP	STORE+3	

250	04AE	FE2C		CPI	:2C	CHECK','
251	04B0	C28204		JNZ	NCOMMA	
252	04B3	32F302		STA	MID#FG	SET MID#FLAG
253	04B6	217505		LXI	H,MID#	
254	04B9	22FA02		SHLD	STRPTR	
255	04BC	0600		MVI	B,:00	
256	04BE	CD75DD		CALL	FILLBU	
257	04C1	3E2D		MVI	A,:2D	
258	04C3	CD75DD		CALL	FILLBU	
259	04C6	3E31		MVI	A,:31	
260	04CB	CD75DD		CALL	FILLBU	
261	04CB	3E2B		MVI	A,:2B	
262	04CD	C39604		JMP	STORE	
263			*			
264	04D0	23	INRB	INX	H	
265	04D1	04		INR	B	
266	04D2	22FA02		SHLD	STRPTR	
267	04D5	C39604		JMP	STORE	
268	04D8	05	DCRB	DCR	B	
269	04D9	C39604		JMP	STORE	
270	04DC	217505	CLRB	LXI	H,MID#	DEFAULT VALUE #POINTER
271	04DF	22FA02		SHLD	STRPTR	
272	04E2	0600		MVI	B,:00	
273	04E4	79		MOV	A,C	
274	04E5	C39604		JMP	STORE	
275	04E8	AF	ENCODE	XRA	A	
276	04E9	32F302		STA	MID#FG	CLEAR MID#FLAG
277	04EC	2AA400		LHLD	EDBPTR	
278	04EF	23		INX	H	
279	04F0	22F802		SHLD	OLDPTR	POINTER INCL CARR RET
280	04F3	3E0D		MVI	A,:0D	
281	04F5	C39604		JMP	STORE	
282			*			
283	04F8	1E7A	BIT	MVI	E,:7A	
284	04FA	4E	BITSEC	MOV	C,M	SECOND TIME (=SECOND CYCLE
285			*			OF 2400 HZ)
286	04FB	2E0D		MVI	L,:0D	*****
287	04FD	CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER	
288	0500	1C	COUNT2	INR	E	
289	0501	CA1404		JZ	ERROR	
290	0504	7E		MOV	A,M	
291	0505	A9		XRA	C	
292	0506	F20005		JP	COUNT2	
293	0509	4E	SB	MOV	C,M	
294	050A	2E0D		MVI	L,:0D	*****
295	050C	CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER	
296	050F	53		MOV	D,E	
297	0510	1D	COUNT3	DCR	E	
298	0511	CA1404		JZ	ERROR	
299	0514	7E		MOV	A,M	
300	0515	A9		XRA	C	
301	0516	F21005		JP	COUNT3	
302	0519	14		INR	D	
303	051A	FAD803		JM	BYTE	
304	051D	1EEF		MVI	E,:EF	
305	051F	C3FA04		JMP	BITSEC	
306	0522	0E	MESFAL	DATA	:0E	LENGTH OF STRING
307	0523	434845		ASC	'CHECKSUM ERROR'	
308	0531	0E	MESGD	DATA	:0E	
309	0532	4E4F20		ASC	'NO TAPE ERRORS'	
310	0540	12	MESERR	DATA	:12	

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312 0553 0C          MESTYS DATA :0C
313 0554 0C0D        DATA :0C,:0D
314 0556 545950      ASC 'TYPE SPACE'
315 0560 14          MESLDB DATA :14
316 0561 0C0D        DATA :0C,:0D
317 0563 4C4F41      ASC 'LOADING BASICODE'
318 0573 0D0D        DATA :0D,:0D
319 0575 4D4944      MID$ ASC 'MID$((((((((('
320                  * *****
321                  * * BASICODE WRITE PART *
322                  * *****
323 0584 F5          CSTWRT PUSH PSW      COLD START OF BASICODE
324 0585 C5          PUSH B          WRITE ROUTINE
325 0586 D5          PUSH D
326 0587 E5          PUSH H
327 0588 F3          DI
328 0589 2AA302      LHLD :2A3      END OF SYMBOL TABLE
329 058C 24          INR H
330 058D 22F402      SHLD PTRIN     SET INPUT &
331 0590 22F602      SHLD PTROUT    OUTPUT POINTER
332 0593 AF          XRA A
333 0594 32FF02      STA SPCFLG     RESET SPACEFLAG
334 0597 3EC3        MVI A,:C3      *SET POINTER TO
335 0599 32DD02      STA :2DD      *(WARM)START OF
336 059C 21B205      LXI H,SWRITE *WRITEROUTINE
337 059F 22DE02      SHLD :2DE      *
338 05A2 3E03        MVI A,:03      OUTPUT SWITCH
339 05A4 323101      STA :131
340 05A7 FB          EI
341 05A8 21ED02      LXI H,CHKSUM  ALSO USED BY READROUTINE
342 05AB 3E82        MVI A,:82      START OF TEXT (02)
343                  *
344 05AD 3683        MVI M,:83      CHECKSUM INCLUSIVE
345                  *
346 05AF C3B605      JMP SWRITE+4   FIRST TIME NO PUSHING
347 05B2 F5          SWRITE PUSH PSW
348 05B3 C5          PUSH B
349 05B4 D5          PUSH D
350 05B5 E5          PUSH H
351 05B6 C31203      JMP HORSEW
352                  * SUBROUTINE TO ABSORB THE SPACES
353                  * BETWEEN LINENUMBER AND LINE
354 05B9 FE0D        SPCABS CPI :0D   RETURN
355 05BB CD3A06      CZ RSFLAG     RESET FLAG
356 05BE CD02DE      CALL ALFA     TEST A-Z
357 05C1 DC4706      CC STFLAG     SET FLAG
358 05C4 FE20        CPI :20        SPACE?
359 05C6 CA4B06      JZ ABSORB
360 05C9 2AFD02      LHLD TMPPTR
361 05CC 6F          MOV L,A       L =CHARACTER
362 05CD 7C          MOV A,H       H=STRINGCOUNTER
363 05CE FE05        CPI :5
364 05D0 CA0806      JZ WCOMMA
365 05D3 EB          WNCOMA XCHG
366 05D4 2AFA02      LHLD STRPTR
367 05D7 7B          MOV A,E       E=CHARACTER
368 05D8 BE          CMP M
369 05D9 CA2906      JZ INCREG     INCREMENT COUNTER
370 05DC 7A          MOV A,D       D=STRINGCOUNTERC
371 05DD FE05        CPI :5
372 05DF FA3206      JM CLRREG     CLEAR COUNTER

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374 05E3 FE29		CPI	:29	
375 05E5 CA2E06		JZ	DECREG	DECREMENT COUNTER
376 05E8 22FA02	WSTORE	SHLD	STRPTR	
377 05EB EB		XCHG		
378 05EC 22FD02		SHLD	TMPPTR	
379 05EF 7D		MOV	A,L	
380 05F0 CDF605	PRESUB	CALL	SUB	
381 05F3 C34DC1		JMP	POPALL	RETURN
382 05F6 F690	SUB	ORI	:80	
383 05F8 47		MOV	B,A	SAVE CHARACTER IN B
384 05F9 21ED02		LXI	H,CHKSUM	OLD CHECKSUM
385 05FC AE		XRA	M	MODIFY
386 05FD 77		MOV	M,A	STORE CHECKSUM
387 05FE 2AF402		LHLD	PTRIN	INPUT POINTER
388 0601 70		MOV	M,B	STORE CHARACTER
389 0602 23		INX	H	INCREMENT /
390 0603 22F402		SHLD	PTRIN	MODIFY POINTER
391 0606 78		MOV	A,B	RESTORE CHARACTER IN ACCU
392 0607 C9		RET		
393 0608 7D	WCOMMA	MOV	A,L	
394 0609 FE2C		CPI	:2C	CHECK','
395 060B C2D305		JNZ	WNCOMA	NO COMMA
396 060E 217505		LXI	H,MID#	
397 0611 22FA02		SHLD	STRPTR	
398 0614 3E2C		MVI	A,:2C	(=' ,')
399 0616 CDF605		CALL	SUB	
400 0619 3E20		MVI	A,:20	(=' -')
401 061B CDF605		CALL	SUB	
402 061E 3E31		MVI	A,:31	(=' 1')
403 0620 CDF605		CALL	SUB	
404 0623 212B00		LXI	H,:002B	H=STRINGCOUNTER(=00)
405 0626 C3D305		JMP	WNCOMA	L=CHARACTER(2B=' +')
406 0629 14	INCREG	INR	D	
407 062A 23		INX	H	
408 062B C3E805		JMP	WSTORE	
409 062E 15	DECREG	DCR	D	
410 062F C3E805		JMP	WSTORE	
411 0632 217505	CLRREG	LXI	H,MID#	
412 0635 1600		MVI	D,:00	
413 0637 C3E805		JMP	WSTORE	
414 063A F5	RSFLAG	PUSH	PSW	
415 063B AF		XRA	A	
416 063C 32FF02		STA	SPCFLG	
417 063F F1		POP	PSW	
418 0640 217505		LXI	H,MID#	
419 0643 22FA02		SHLD	STRPTR	
420 0646 C9		RET		
421 0647 32FF02	STFLAG	STA	SPCFLG	
422 064A C9		RET		
423 064B 3AFF02	ABSORB	LDA	SPCFLG	
424 064E B7		ORA	A	
425 064F 3E20		MVI	A,:20	
426 0651 CA4DC1		JZ	POPALL	
427 0654 C3F005		JMP	PRESUB	
428 0657 F5	BUFEND	PUSH	PSW	BUFFER END
429 0658 C5		PUSH	B	
430 0659 D5		PUSH	D	
431 065A E5		PUSH	H	
432 065B 213101		LXI	H,:131	OUTPUT SWITCH
433 065E 3600		MVI	M,:00	BACK
434 0660 21ED02		LXI	H,CHKSUM	

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```

436 0664 2AF402          LHLD PTRIN
437 0667 3683           MVI M,:83          END OF TEXT IN BUFFER
438 0669 23            INX H              INCREMENT A POINTER
439 066A 70            MOV M,B            CHECKSUM IN BUFFER
440 066B 22F402        SHLD PTRIN
441 066E CDFFDA        CALL SRSTTS        PRINT SET RECORD ,START
442                    *                                TAPE TYPE SPACE
443 0671 9CDB          DBL :DB9C
444 0673 CDDAD6        CALL WSPACE        WAIT FOR SPACEBAR/CR
445 0676 CD2ED4        CALL CASST         START CASSETTE MOTORS
446 0679 F3            DI
447                    * THE TIMING IS CALCULABLE :
448                    * FOR PROGRAM IN RAM : EVERY STATE ~1uS
449                    * FOR PROGRAM IN ROM : EVERY STATE 0.5uS
450                    * EXPLANATION :THE VIDEO PROCESSOR USES ALSO
451                    * THE RAM IN TURN;THAT MEANS A FACTOR 2 SLOWER
452                    * EXEPT WHEN SCREENSPOT GOES BACK FROM UNDERSIDE
453                    * TO UPPERSIDE OF THE SCREEN ,THE VIDEOPROCESSOR
454                    * IS NOT USING THE RAM.
455                    *
456                    *                               STATES   TIME AFTER LAST FALLING
457                    *                               *           EDGE   ( uS )
458                    *                               *           *           *
459 067A 3A4000          LDA :0040
460 067D F601           ORI :01
461 067F 32FC02        STA FORMEM
462 0682 1106FD        LXI D,OUTFRT 10
463 0685 010018        LXI B,:1800 10
464                    *
465                    * TIMER L=(208-T-42)/7.5
466                    *
467 0688 2E0C          LEADER MVI L,:0C 7 >58
468 068A CDF506        CALL BITONE 17 >27 75>
469 068D 0B            DCX B 5 32
470 068E 78            MOV A,B 5 37
471 068F B7            ORA A 4 41
472 0690 C28806        JNZ LEADER 10 51>
473 0693 2E0E          MVI L,:0E 7 46
474 0695 CDF506        CALL BITONE 17 63> >27
475 0698 2AF602        DATA LHLD PTROUT 16 43
476 069B D5            PUSH D 11 54
477 069C 0609          MVI B,:09 7 61
478 069E 7E            MOV A,M 7 68
479 069F 2E07          MVI L,:07 7 75
480 06A1 F5            BITW PUSH PSW 11 86 73
481 06A2 D41507        CNC BITZER 11/17 >15 103> >90
482 06A5 DCF506        CC BITONE 11/17 26 >101
483 06A8 F1            POP PSW 10 36
484 06A9 1F            RAR 4 40
485 06AA 05            DCR B 5 45
486 06AB 2E09          MVI L,:09 7 52
487 06AD C2A106        JNZ BITW 10 62>
488 06B0 2AF602        LHLD PTROUT 16 78
489 06B3 23            INX H 5 83
490 06B4 22F602        SHLD PTROUT 16 99
491 06B7 2B            DCX H 5 104
492 06B8 E5            PUSH H 11 115
493 06B9 2E03          MVI L,:03 7 122
494 06BB 00            NOP 4 126
495 06BC CDF506        CALL BITONE 17 143>
496 06BF E1            POP H 10 >37

```

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498 06C1 2AF402		LHLD	PTRIN	16	58
499 06C4 7C		MOV	A,H	5	63
500 06C5 BA		CMF	D	7	70
501 06C6 7D		MOV	A,L	5	75
502 06C7 C2CB06		JNZ	POPD	10	85>
503 06CA BB		CMF	E	7	92
504 06CB D1	POPD	POP	D	10	102
505 06CC F5		PUSH	PSW	11	113
506 06CD 2E04		MVI	L,:04	7	120
507 06CF CDF506		CALL	BITONE	17	137>
508 06D2 F1		POP	PSW	10	>37
509 06D3 C29B06		JNZ	DATA	10	47
510 06D6 01000F		LXI	B,:0F00	10	57
511 06D9 2E0B		MVI	L,:0B	7	64
512 06DB CDF506	TRAILR	CALL	BITONE	17	81> >75>
513 06DE 0B		DCX	B	5	>32
514 06DF 78		MOV	A,B	5	37
515 06E0 B7		DRA	A	4	41
516 06E1 2E0C		MVI	L,:0C	7	48
517 06E3 C2DB06		JNZ	TRAILR	10	58>
518 06E6 3EC9		MVI	A,:C9		
519 06E8 32DD02		STA	:2DD		
520 06EB 210000		LXI	H,:0000		
521 06EE 22DE02		SHLD	:2DE		
522 06F1 FB		EI			
523 06F2 C34DC1		JMP	POPALL		
524 06F5 CD4BD5	BITONE	CALL	TIMER		
525 06F8 3AFC02		LDA	FORMEM		
526 06FB 12		STAX	D		
527 06FC 3D		DCR	A		
528 06FD 2E16		MVI	L,:16		
529 06FF CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER		
530 0702 12		STAX	D		
531 0703 3C		INR	A		
532 0704 2E16		MVI	L,:16		
533 0706 CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER		
534 0709 12		STAX	D		
535 070A 3D		DCR	A		
536 070B 2E16		MVI	L,:16		
537 070D CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER		
538 0710 12		STAX	D		
539 0711 00		NOP			
540 0712 00		NOP			
541 0713 00		NOP			
542 0714 C9		RET			
543 0715 00	BITZER	NOP			
544 0716 00		NOP			
545 0717 00		NOP			
546 0718 CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER		
547 071B 2E1A		MVI	L,:1A		
548 071D CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER		
549 0720 3AFC02		LDA	FORMEM		
550 0723 12		STAX	D		
551 0724 3D		DCR	A		
552 0725 2E32		MVI	L,:32		
553 0727 CD4BD5		CALL	TIMER		
554 072A 12		STAX	D		
555 072B C9		RET			
556 072C E5	SLOT	PUSH	H		
557 072D 21800E		LXI	H,:0E80		
558 0730 229B02		SHLD	:29B		

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```
560 0734 C31803      JMP   NE&BAS
561 0737              END    END          END
```

```
*****
* S Y M B O L   T A B L E *
*****
```

```
ABSORB 064B  ALFA  DE02  BASIC  0333  BASTAB 02EF
BASTRT 0300  BIT   04F8  BITONE 06F5  BITSEC 04FA
BITW   06A1  BITZER 0715  BTPTR  02F1  BUFEND 0657
BYTE   03D8  CASSP  D445  CASST  D42E  CHKSUM 02ED
CHKWRD 045B  CKM$FG 049B  CLCHSM 040E  CLRBR  04DC
CLRREG 0632  COMMA  04AD  COMPAR DE14  COR    0449
COUNT1 03C3  COUNT2 0500  COUNT3 0510  CSTWRT 0584
CSUM   03E1  CURSOR 0075  DATA  069B  DCRB   04DB
DECREG 062E  DELEDI E228  EDBBGN 00A2  EDBMAX 00A6
EDBPTR 00A4  ENCODE 04E8  END     0737  ENDFLG 02EE
ERROR  0414  FALSE  0427  FILLBU DD75  FIN    0466
GOOD   0430  HORSER 0315  HORSEW 0312  INCREG 0629
INIT   037A  INITED E26C  INPMEM 02EC  INPORT FD00
INRB   04D0  INSW   0296  LAST   0436  LEADER 0688
LIEDBU E19F  MESERR 0540  MESFAL 0522  MESGD  0531
MESLDB 0560  MESTYS 0553  MID$   0575  MID$FG 02F3
NCOMMA 0482  NE&BAS 0318  NEW    DEB8  OLDPTR 02F8
OUTPRT FD06  POPALL C14D  POPD   06CB  POPEXP 034D
PORMEM 02FC  PREBAS 031B  PRESUB 05F0  PSTR   DB32
PTRIN  02F4  PTROUT 02F6  R      0367  RCD    0372
READ   0303  READCD 0306  RETURN 03FD  RSFLAG 063A
SB     0509  SETFLG 0408  SLOT  072C  SPCABS 05B9
SPCFLG 02FF  SRSTTS DAFF  START  03A5  STARTS 03A9
STFLAG 0647  STORE  0496  STDTEX 041E  STRPTR 02FA
STRTBT 03BC  SUB    05F6  SWRITE 05B2  TIMER  D54B
TMPPTR 02FD  TRAILR 06DB  W      0351  WAITFL 03B2
WCD    035C  WCOMMA 0608  WDRCZR 0470  WFINAL 030F
WNCOMA 05D3  WRITCD 030C  WRITE  0309  WSPACE D6DA
WSTORE 05E8  Y      0336
```

```
10  REM
20  REM
30  REM ~~~~~ NOTTE DI FUOCO IN MODE 1 ~~~~~
40  REM
50  MODE 1:DIM AX(40.0)
52  FOR IX=0 TO 40:READ AX:POKE (#2F1+IX),AX:NEXT
57  DOT RND(XMAX),1 RND(16.0)
60  CALLM #2F1
70  GOTO 57
100 DATA #C5,#D5,#E5,#F5,#01,#D7,#BF,#11,#EF,#BF,#00
110 DATA #00,#00,#00,#00,#00,#00,#00,#00,#00,#26,#18
120 DATA #2E,#40,#0A,#12,#0B,#1B,#2D,#C2,#09,#03,#25
130 DATA #C2,#07,#03,#F1,#E1,#D1,#C1,#C9
```

COMMANDES DANS UN PROGRAMME

>TSPL V1.0 PAGE 1

```
0000 ; *****
0000 ; Commandes dans un programme
0000 ; Instructions en commandes
0000 ; *****
0000 ; Grace a ce petit programme, vous pourrez
0000 ; utiliser des Commandes dans un programme
0000 ; et vice-versa.
0000 ; Par exemple : *100 RUN 10
0000 ;Mise en route :
0000 ; Changer les vecteurs et taper le programme(#AE0-#AFA)
0000 ; SI ce n'est deja fait
0000 ; (*POKE #29C,11 *NEW)
0000 ; Taper *UT
0000 ; >V1 C7E0-0AE0 (space+curseur gauche)
0000 ; >B
0000 ;Mise hors service :
0000 ; Taper *UT
0000 ; >Z3
0000 ; >B
0000 ;
0000 ORG 0AE0H ; Compatible S.P.U
0AE0 E1 POP H ; *****
0AE1 F3 DI ; * Recopie de *
0AE2 224300 SHLD 43H ; * C70E a C714 *
0AE5 F5 PUSH PSW ; * *
0AE6 3EC0 MVI A 0C0H ; *****
0AE8 E1 POP H ; * Recopie de *
0AE9 224100 SHLD 41H ; * C705 a C70A *
0AEC 67 MOV H,A ; * *
0AED AF XRA A ; *****
0AEE E3 XTHL ; Data apres RST 1
0AEF B6 ORA M ; Si = 0 : Codage
0AF0 CCF80A CZ DATA0 ;
0AF3 E3 XTHL ; Restore pile
0AF4 AF XRA A ; A=0
0AF5 C3CF6 JMP 0C6CFH ; Continue RST
0AF8 16C0 DATA0 MVI D 0C0H ; Masque de test
0AFA C9 RET ; pour
0AFB ; COMMAND INVALID
0AFB ;
0AFB ; AE0 E1 F3 22 43 00 F5 3E C0 E1 22 41 00 67 AF
0AFB ; AEE E3 B6 CC F8 0A E3 AF C3 CF C6 16 C0 C9
0AFB ;
0AFB ;Le test qui affiche le message d'erreur
0AFB ; 'COMMAND INVALID' se trouve aux adresses
0AFB ; E035 ... de la banque 3 (Après un RST1 DATA 0)
0AFB ;Le test est fait comme suit :
0AFB ORG 0E035H
E035 7E MOV A,M ;Dans A code de l'instruction
E036 E6C0 ANI 0C0H ;On garde les deux derniers bits
E038 A2 ANA D ;Masque de test
E039 3E18 MVI A 18H
E03B CAF5D9 JZ 0D9F5H ;message d'erreur
E03E ;En imposant a D la valeur #C0 avant d'executer
E03E ;ces instructions (En deviant le vecteur du RST1)
E03E ;le jump au message d'erreur ne pourra plus se faire.
E03E ;(Le resultat du ET n'etant jamais nul)
E03E END
```

Cédric
-DUFOUR-

CALLM

La fonction CALLM du basic peut être appelée de deux façon :

- 1) CALLM nn
- 2) CALLM nn,var

Avec nn qui représente une adresse (éventuellement dans une variable) et var qui est le nom d'une variable

Dans les deux cas certains renseignements sont placés dans les registres avant d'exécuter le sous-programme en langage machine. Ces renseignements sont donnés dans les deux cas ci-dessous:

- 1) CALLM nn
- * A contient la valeur #FF
 - * BC contient l'adresse de l'instruction qui suit le CALLM
 - * HL contient l'adresse nn
- 2) CALLM nn,var
- * A contient une indication sur la nature de 'var'
soit : #04 = FPT (Virgule flottante)
 #14 = INT (Entier)
 #22 = STR (Chaine)
 - * BC Idem a 1)
 - * HL contient l'adresse de 'var' soit:
 - Adresse de la variable si var est numérique
 - Adresse du pointeur de la variable (Vecteur) si var est une chaine

Il est à remarquer que seul le contenu de BC est important pour le BASIC. Vos sous programmes peuvent alors s'écrire plus simplement.

```
Ex:  C5 - PUSH B
      xx - ...Programme...
      C1 - POP B
      C9 - RET
```

Cédric DUFOUR

```
IMPINT
10  REM MONTAGNES
12  REM F. DEBROUWERE & C. DUFOUR
14  MODE 6:COLORG 15 9 12 1:Y1=101:Z1=130
18  FOR J=1 TO 55
20  A!=RND(6)-3:B!=RND(6)-3
22  FOR I=1 TO 6
24  X=X+1
26  Y=A!*I+Y1:IF Y<1 THEN Y=1
28  Z=B!*I+Z1:IF Z<1 THEN Z=1
30  DRAW X,Z X,Y 23:DRAW X,Z+2 X,Z 22
32  DRAW X,Y X,0 21:DRAW X,Y+2 X,Y 22
34  NEXT:Y1=Y:Z1=Z:NEXT
36  I=GETC:WAIT TIME 3:IF I=0 THEN 36
38  END
```

INTEGERS

J#L.
PAGE 01

```

001 *****
002 *   I N T E G E R S   *
003 *****
004 *
005 *
006 *   Dit machinetaalprogramma zorgt ervoor dat
007 *   INTEGER-variabelen naar rechts geschikt
008 *   worden. Dit in tegenstelling tot wat DAI
009 *   personal computer doet.
010 *   Het kan aangeroepen worden vanuit BASIC met
011 *   CALLM#300,VARIABLE%.
012 *   De integervariabele wordt uitgeprint in een
013 *   formaat van 6 cijfers met ervoor een
014 *   spatie voor de positieve en een minteken
015 *   voor de negatieve integers.
016 *   Dit kan gewijzigd worden vanuit BASIC met
017 *   POKE #371,AANT%.
018 *   Hierbij is AANT% minstens even groot als
019 *   het aantal cijfers van het langste uit te
020 *   printen getal.
021 *   Als AANT% kleiner is dan het aantal cijfers
022 *   van het langste getal dan wordt het BASIC-
023 *   programma onderbroken met vermelding :
024 *   "FORMAT ERROR".
025 *   Als VARIABLE% = 0 dan worden er alleen
026 *   spaties ( aantal = AANT% + 1 ) geprint.
027 *   Dit kan eveneens gewijzigd worden vanuit
028 *   BASIC met
029 *       POKE #370,#30   er worden een aantal
030 *                       spaties en een "0" ge-
031 *                       geprint.
032 *       POKE #370,#20   er worden enkel spaties
033 *                       geprint.
034 *
035 *   With this machinelanguageprogramm the
036 *   INTEGERvariables will be ordered to the
037 *   right.
038 *   From BASIC called with
039 *       CALLM#300,VARIABLE%.
040 *   The maximum lenght of the integervariable
041 *   is 6. This lenght can be changed from
042 *   BASIC with
043 *       POKE #371,NUMB%.
044 *       NUMB% >= lenght of longest integer-
045 *           variable
046 *   If NUMB% < the lenght of the variable then
047 *   there will be a BREAK of the BASICprogram
048 *   and an ERRGR report : "FORMAT ERROR".
049 *   If VARIABLE% = 0 then only spaces will be
050 *   printed.
051 *   This can be changed by
052 *       POKE #370,#30 : print a "0"
053 *       POKE #370,#20 : print spaces

```


055		*			
056		NUL	EQU	:370	* #20=SPACE, #30=0
057		AANT	EQU	:371	* Number of figures to
058		*			* printout
059		XIBC	EQU	:C027	* Convert integer for
060		*			* OUTPUT
061		PMSG	EQU	:DAD4	* Print a message
062		OUTCPR	EQU	:D695	* OUTPUT character
063		KBRFL	EQU	:2C4	* BREAK flag
064			ORG	:300	
065	0300	POUT	PUSH	B	
066	0301		PUSH	D	
067	0302		PUSH	PSW	
068	0303		RST	:4	* Convert integer variable
069	0304		DATA	:0C	* for OUTPUT
070	0305		CALL	XIBC	*
071	0308		LXI	H,AANT	
072	030B		MOV	D,M	* Number of digits to print
073		*			* in D
074	030C		INR	D	* +1
075	030D		LDA	:F1	
076	0310		CMP	D	
077	0311		JC	NEW	
078	0314		LXI	H,MSG#	
079	0317		CALL	PMSG	* If D<F1 then print
080	031A		LXI	H,KBRFL	* message 'FORMAT ERROR'
081	031D		MVI	M,:FF	* and BREAK BASICprogram
082	031F		POP	PSW	
083	0320		POP	D	
084	0321		POP	B	
085	0322		RET		
086	0323	NEW	LDA	:F1	* Lenght of the integer in
087		*			* in #F1
088	0326		DCR	D	
089	0327		CMP	D	
090	0328		JZ	PSTART	
091	032B		MVI	A,:20	
092	032D		CALL	OUTCPR	* OUTPUT character
093	0330		JMP	NEW	
094	0333	PSTART	LDA	:E4	* Sign of the integer
095	0336		CPI	:2D	* if #E4="-" then CONT 2
096	0338		JNZ	CONT1	* if #E4=space then CONT 1
097	033B		JMP	CONT2	
098	033E	CONT1	MVI	A,:20	
099	0340	CONT2	CALL	OUTCPR	* OUTPUT character
100	0343		LDA	:F1	
101	0346		LXI	H,:E6	* ASCII-string from #E6 to
102	0349		MOV	B,A	* #E6 + (#F1)
103	034A		CPI	:1	
104	034C		JZ	ZERO	
105	034F	PRLOOP	MOV	A,M	* PRINT-Routine
106	0350	RETURN	CALL	OUTCPR	* OUTPUT character
107	0353		INX	H	*
108	0354		DCR	B	*
109	0355		JNZ	PRLOOP	*
110	0358		POP	PSW	
111	0359		POP	D	
112	035A		POP	B	
113	035B		RET		
114	035C	ZERO	MOV	A,M	* If #F1=1 and Integer=0
115	035D		CPI	:30	* then print "0" or space
116	035F		JNZ	PRLOOP	* NUL=#30 or NUL=#20

```
117 0362 3A7003          LDA   NUL
118 0365 C35003          JMP   RETURN
119                      ORG   :380
120 0380 0D              MSG#  DATA :0D      * MESSAGE
121 0381 464F52          ASC   'FORMAT ERROR'
122 038D 00              DATA  0
123 038E                  END
```

```
*****
* S Y M B O L   T A B L E *
*****
```

```
AANT  0371  CONT1  033E  CONT2  0340  KBRFL  02C4
MSG#   0380  NEW    0323  NUL     0370  OUTCPR D695
PMSG   DAD4  POUT   0300  PRLOOP 034F  PSTART 0333
RETURN 0350  XIBC   C027  ZERO    035C
```

```
PC UTILITY V3.3
>D300 38F

0300 C5 D5 F5 E7 0C CD 27 C0 21 71 03 56 14 3A F1 00
0310 BA DA 23 03 21 80 03 CD D4 DA 21 C4 02 36 FF F1
0320 D1 C1 C9 3A F1 00 15 BA CA 33 03 3E 20 CD 95 D6
0330 C3 23 03 3A E4 00 FE 2D C2 3E 03 C3 40 03 3E 20
0340 CD 95 D6 3A F1 00 21 E6 00 47 FE 01 CA 5C 03 7E
0350 CD 95 D6 23 05 C2 4F 03 F1 D1 C1 C9 7E FE 30 C2
0360 4F 03 3A 70 03 C3 50 03 FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF
0370 FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF BF BF FF FF
0380 0D 46 4F 52 4D 41 54 20 45 52 52 4F 52 00 FF FF
```

EDUCATIEVE SOFTWARE

- * *Wij zoeken ervaren programmeurs - leerkrachten, die bereid zijn om bestaande programma's uit ons pakket educatieve software naar de DAI-pc te converteren.*
- * *Wij onderzoeken ook graag uw didactische programma's met het oog op eventuele uitgave.*

Uitgeverij J. Van In, Grote Markt 39, 2500 Lier
Tel. 03/480.55.11 vraag naar : Ludo Camps

```

10 PRINT CHR$(12):CLEAR 100:DIM A(10.0):B=1
15 PRINT CHR$(14);"PRINT OUT OF INTEGERVARIABLES"
16 PRINT CHR$(14);"-----"
20 PRINT :PRINT " FORMAT = 6 figures"
30 PRINT " If A%=0 then print spaces":PRINT :GOTO 100
40 PRINT " DAI      DAI namic":PRINT " PRINT A%:  CALLM#300,A%":RETURN
50 FOR P=0 TO 5
55 PRINT
60 PRINT A(P),:REM DAI PRINT
65 CALLM #300,A(P):REM PRINT WITH MLP
70 NEXT P
75 RETURN
80 POKE #131,1:PRINT TAB(30);"Push any key to continue.":POKE #131,0:RETURN
90 GC=GETC:IF GC=0 THEN 90:PRINT :PRINT CHR$(12)
92 RETURN
100 FOR P=0 TO 5
102 A(P)=INT(RND(10.0)*(10.0^P))
104 IF A(P)=0.0 THEN 102
106 NEXT P
110 FOR Q=0 TO 1
120 FOR P=0 TO 5:A(P)=INT(A(P)*(100.0^Q)+0.5):NEXT P
130 GOSUB 40
140 GOSUB 50
160 PRINT :PRINT "+----- +-----"
170 A(10.0)=0:FOR P=0 TO 5:A(10.0)=A(10.0)+A(P):NEXT P
180 PRINT " ????????",:CALLM #300,A(10.0)
185 GOSUB 80
186 POKE #371,8:REM CHANGE FORMATLENGHT : 8 figures
187 GOSUB 90
188 IF Q=0.0 THEN PRINT :LIST 186:PRINT
189 NEXT Q
190 POKE #371,6:REM CHANGE FORMATLENGHT : 6 figures
210 LIST 190
215 PRINT :GOSUB 40
220 FOR P=0 TO 5:A(P)=B*P:B=B*10:NEXT P
230 GOSUB 50:PRINT :PRINT
240 LIST 250
245 PRINT
250 POKE #370,#30:REM IF VARIABLE% IS ZERO THEN PRINT: 0
260 GOSUB 40:FOR P=0 TO 5:PRINT :PRINT A(P),:CALLM #300,A(P):NEXT P
270 POKE #370,#20:REM IF VARIABLE% ( A%(P%) ) IS ZERO THEN PRINT SPACES
275 GOSUB 80
280 GOSUB 90
290 LIST 190:PRINT
300 A=12345678
305 LIST 310:PRINT
310 PRINT A,:REM DAI PRINT
311 PRINT TAB(15);"( Lenght of A% = 8 figures )"
312 PRINT
315 LIST 320
320 CALLM #300,A:REM PRINT WITH MLP

```

PRINT OUT OF INTEGERS VARIABLES

FORMAT = 6 figures
If A%=0 then print spaces

DAI DAInamic
PRINT A%; CALLM#300,A%

5	5
65	65
451	451
5311	5311
69630	69630
395732	395732
+-----	+-----
???????	471194

186 POKE #371,8:REM CHANGE FORMATLENGHT : 8 figures

DAI DAInamic
PRINT A%; CALLM#300,A%

500	500
6500	6500
45100	45100
531100	531100
6963004	6963004
39573224	39573224
+-----	+-----
???????	47119428

190 POKE #371,6:REM CHANGE FORMATLENGHT : 6 figures

DAI DAInamic
PRINT A%; CALLM#300,A%

0	
10	10
200	200
3000	3000
40000	40000
500000	500000

250 POKE #370,#30:REM IF VARIABLE% IS ZERO THEN PRINT: 0

DAI DAInamic
PRINT A%; CALLM#300,A%

0	0
10	10
200	200
3000	3000
40000	40000
500000	500000

190 POKE #371,6:REM CHANGE FORMATLENGHT : 6 figures

310 PRINT A,:REM DAI PRINT

12345678 (Lenght of A% = 8 figures)

320 CALLM #300,A:REM PRINT WITH MLP

FORMAT ERROR
BREAK IN LINE 320

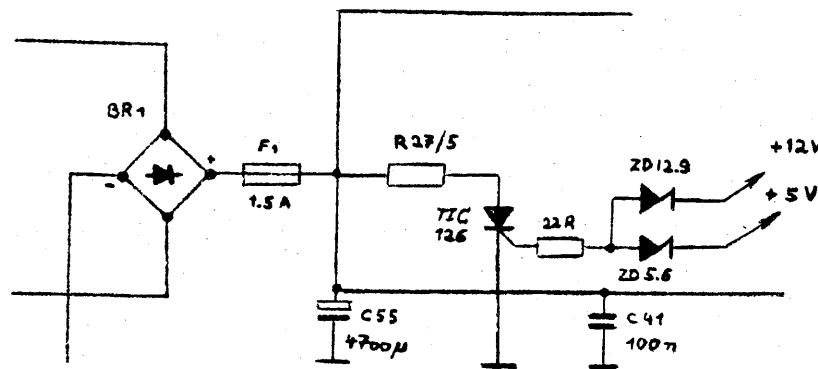
Netzteil u. Überspannungsschutz

Powersupply and Overvoltage-Protection.

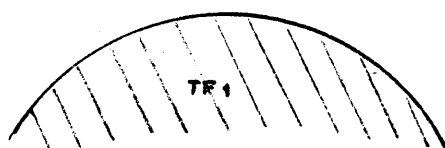
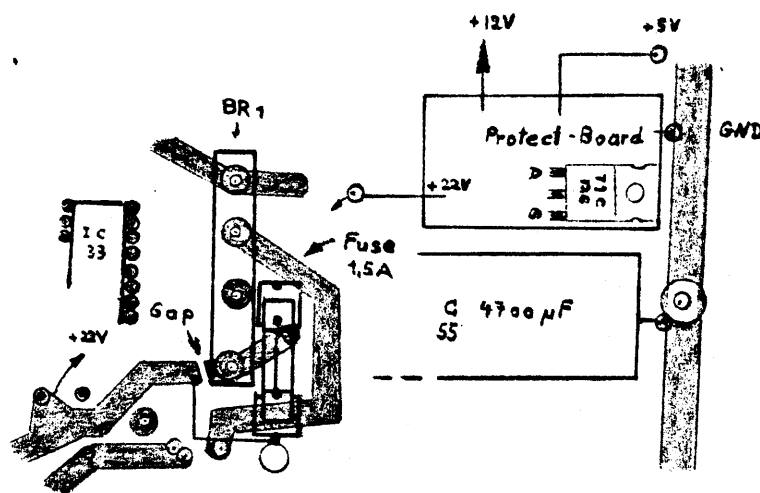
Diese Schaltung und die Sicherung F1 verhindern im Falle eines Netzteildefekts große Schäden im Rechner, die durch die unregelmäßige Gleichspannung von 22V verursacht werden könnte. Ebenso wird das bislang ungesicherte Netzteil vor Überlastung geschützt.

Überschreitet die Versorgungsspannung mehr als 0,9V ihres Normalwertes, zündet der Thyristor und die Sicherung wird ausgelöst. Der Aufbau kann auf einer kleiner Veroplatine erfolgen. Diese kann vor dem Elko C55 im Netzteilkäfig eingebaut werden. Durch zwei kleine Bohrungen werden die Zuleitungen für Masse und die Eingangsspannung 22V mit der Grundplatte verbunden. Auf der Bestückungsseite umläuft eine breite Leiterbahn die Grundplatte. Von dieser Leiterbahn kann +5V zur Schutzschaltung geführt werden. Durch diese Anschlüsse wird die Schutzplatine gleichzeitig an ihrem Platz fixiert.

Die Sicherung wird neben dem Gleichrichter BR1 eingebaut. Dazu werden 4 kleine Löcher für die Halterung gebohrt. Die U+ Leiterbahn vom Gleichrichter BR1 wird unterbrochen und die Sicherung (1.5 Amp.) dazwischen geschaltet.



02.1983
r.corswandt



With the following program you can simulate GOTO X and it's also possible to do RUN (LINE NUMBER) in BASIC V1.0 without emptying the symbol table.

To get the program into the computer type in the following basicline:

```
*10 DIM JMP(1):JMP(0)=#232344:JMP(1)=#4DC363DF:JUMP=VARPTR(JMP(0))+1
```

Now JUMP contains the address and JMP(0),JMP(1) the program.

!!! Be careful if you have a CLEAR after executing the basicline
JMP(0), JMP(1) and JUMP are zero !!!

You can use my program in the following ways:

- 1) as RUN X then type e.g. *X=100:CALLM JUMP,X
- 2) as GOTO X then type e.g. *10 X=100
*20 CALLM JUMP,X:REM GOTO X

!!!! Note: X, JUMP, JMP(0) and JMP(1) have to be integers. !!!!

Just van Dunne'

Here follows the machine language program and a basic example.

```
23          INX H
23          INX H
44          MOV B,H
4D          MOV C,L
C3 63 DF    JMP DF63 (basiccmd. GOTO)
END
```

```
5  MODE 4
10 DIM JMP(1):JMP(0)=#232344:JMP(1)=#4DC363DF:JUMP=VARPTR(JMP(0))+1
20 H=GETC:IF H<16 OR H>23 GOTO 20:X=(H-13)*10:CALLM JUMP,X
30 IF Q<YMAX THEN Q=Q+1
35 GOTO 110
40 IF Q>0 THEN Q=Q-1
45 GOTO 110
50 IF P>0 THEN P=P-1
55 GOTO 110
60 IF P<XMAX THEN P=P+1
65 GOTO 110
70 IF Q<YMAX-15 THEN Q=Q+15
75 GOTO 110
80 IF Q>15 THEN Q=Q-15
85 GOTO 110
90 IF P>15 THEN P=P-15
95 GOTO 110
100 IF P<XMAX-15 THEN P=P+15
110 DOT A,B 0:DOT P,Q 15:A=P:B=Q:GOTO 20
```

GOTO X / RUN X

```
30  REM TEST DE REGLAGE DE LECTURE DE CASSETTE
40  REM ALAIN MARIATTE
50  REM MAGNETOPHONES RADIOLA,BELL&HOWELL,SANYO
60  REM
70  REM
80  REM
90  REM
100 DIM A(0.0)
120 FOR I=1 TO 20
130 I$=STR$(I):L!=LEN(I$):N$=LEFT$(I$,L!-2):IF I<10 THEN N$=" "+N$
140 A$=" "+CHR$(137)+" "+N$+" "+"CASSETTE ADJUSTMENT TEST "+CHR$(136)
150 SAVEA A A$
160 NEXT
```

PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES

(from DAInamic 11, page 173)

I am planning to provide a chapter in this journal about the problems and techniques of programming. The methods to be given will always be valid for the DAI and sometimes also for many other computers. The subjects offered arise from your suggestions and/or from weak spots in submitted programs. In this connexion I am thinking of such things as drawing circles quickly, avoiding conflicting colours, working with arrays, the speed and readability of programs, etc. For this first occasion my subject will be the construction of a list of finite but randomly dispersed numbers. The idea came from T. Groeneveld's BINGO program (DAInamic 10, page 136). I hope that Mr. Groeneveld, after reading this, will not imagine that people think he is a poor programmer. I certainly do not, particularly as he himself has found a solution. In his program an array is needed with the numbers from 1 to 75 inclusive, but the numbers must be stored in a random order. If you cannot make the program work properly try inputting it after an IMP INT command; that was not done originally as can be seen from the .0s From the original program :

```
10 CLEAR 1000: DIM G(76,0)
25 R=RND(75.0)+1.0
26 ENVELOPE 1 15,9;0: SOUND 1 1 15 0 FREQ(RND(269.0)+31.0)
27 NOISE 1 15
30 FOR A=1.0 TO 75.0: IF G(A) <> R THEN NEXT A
40 IF A < 76.0 AND G(A)=R THEN 25
50 IF G(I)=0.0 THEN G(I)=R
65 I=I+1.0: IF I=76.0 THEN 100
70 GOTO 25
```

Let us analyse these lines:

In 25 we choose a suitable number

26 and 27 the waiting time is made pleasant

30 checks that the number chosen has not previously been selected

40 if so, we choose another

50 if the number is not already in the table we put it there

65 allocate the next number to the next location and check to see if we have them all yet

70 if not go back and choose the following one

As you can see the program works all right, but very slowly. On my machine (with the maths chip) I recorded an average of 72 seconds. What can be done about it ? Firstly change the program a little: I started by removing the .0s, took the NOISE and ENVELOPE out of the loop and coloured the sound with R*4 which is much faster than another RND. I improved the time a little, the average now being 66 seconds.

```
10 CLEAR 1000: DIM G(76,0)
16 ENVELOPE 1 15,9;0
17 NOISE 1 15
25 R=RND(75)+1
28 SOUND 1 1 15 0 FREQ(R*4+31)
30 FOR A=1 TO 75: IF G(A) <> R THEN NEXT A
40 IF A < 76 AND G(A)=R THEN 25
50 IF G(I)=0 THEN G(I)=R
65 I=I+1: IF I=76 THEN 100
70 GOTO 25
```

Back again to the rebuilding! Multiple statements can be combined on the same line. The test of A<76 seems to me superfluous. The end test is the thing that is giving BASIC a bad name (spaghetti code) with its inverted jump combined with a GOTO address. The average time is now 58 seconds.

```
10 CLEAR 1000: DIM G(76)
16 ENVELOPE 1 15,9;0: NOISE 1 15
25 R=RND(75)+1: SOUND 1 1 15 0 FREQ(R*4+31)
30 FOR A=1 TO 75: IF G(A)<>R THEN NEXT A
40 IF G(A)=R THEN 25: IF G(I)=0 THEN G(I)=R
65 I=I+1: IF I<76 GOTO 25
```

Now only running the test, with the sound removed, brings the average to 48 seconds, but I find it better to wait 58 seconds with sound than 48 without. Later I saw that the loop only had to go to I. We still have too long to wait and so must try another tack.

The original program is sluggish because a random number has to be chosen and then checked to see if it has appeared before. It is better firstly to get the numbers we want and then to put them in a random place in the array. I have not worked this method out because it would only be turning our problem around. In the first method there is the difficulty of obtaining a suitable number while in the suggested alternative there is the difficulty of obtaining a suitable location. The new method certainly would be quicker because of the simpler checking (only looking to see if the place is empty instead of checking all the numbers). If I were to make the array much larger, say 256, then it should be easier to find an empty place in it. Afterwards, when I have all the numbers 1 to 75 in this auxilliary array I only have to transfer them neatly one after the other into array G(). The time gained is vast, resulting in a period of 3.4 seconds.

```
10 CLEAR 10000: DIM G(75),S(255)
20 FOR I=1 TO 75
30 R=RND(256): IF S(R)<>0 GOTO 30: S(R)=I: NEXT
40 FOR I=0 TO 255: IF S(I)<>0 THEN J=J+1: G(J)=S(I)
50 NEXT
```

But we have not finished yet. The method is best for an array with 75 elements, but less suitable as the quantity increases because it then becomes more difficult to find an empty place. Sometimes too the penalty of all that extra memory space is significant. If we do not mind the list not being truly random, then the following method may do! Place the numbers 1 to 75 randomly into the array of 75 locations. If the location is already occupied, do not choose a new random place but take the next empty one. I have not worked out these possibilities because of the non-random features. Now the fastest method which still has a short program is!

```
10 CLEAR 10000: DIM G(75)
20 FOR I=1 TO 75: G(I)=I: NEXT
30 FOR I=1 TO 75: G(0)=G(I): R=RND(75)+1: G(I)=G(R): G(R)=G(0): NEXT
```

We put the numbers 1 to 75 inclusive successively into the array and then exchange each number with another random element. We get a nice random list in a nice quick time! 2.4 seconds if we use G(0) as a parking place and even better, 2.36 seconds, when we use A. This latter is because the DAI has more difficulty in finding array variables. If anyone knows of a shorter or quicker method I would like to hear of it and will then certainly come back to the subject.

Frank H Druijff


```

0 zwart           alle adressen in HEXvorm!
1 blauw
2 d.rood          29B-29C   start heap           131,0   output scrn+
3 rood            29D-29E   size heap           RS232
4 paars           29F-2A0   start text buffer   131,1   screen only
5 groen           2A1-2A2   start symbol table  131,2   edit buffer
6 d.bruin         2A3-2A4   end of symbol table 135,2   read from
7 l.bruin         2A5-2A6   bottom screen ram   edit buffer
8 grijs
9 blauw
10 oranje          75         cursor symbol       MODE    XMAX    YMAX
11 rose            74         cursor mode
12 l.blauw         72-73      cursor position     1/2     71     64
13 l.groen
14 geel            5/6        335                129
15 wit             40,28      cass motor 1 ON
                    40,18      cass motor 2 ON
                    40,30      1 and 2 OFF

```

COLORG R1 R2 R3 R4
 20 21 22 23

16 :R2*R1 R4*R3
 17 :R1*R2 R3*R4 32K 7XXX
 18 :R3*R1 R4*R2 12K 2XXX
 19 :R1*R3 R2*R4 8K 1XXX

```

MERGE
°CLEAR XXX
°LOAD"A"
°EDIT BREAK/BREAK
°LOAD"B"
°POKE 135,2
IMP INT *** IMP FPT
°IMP FPT
°CLEAR XXXX
°EDIT BREAK/BREAK
°IMP INT
°POKE 135,2

```

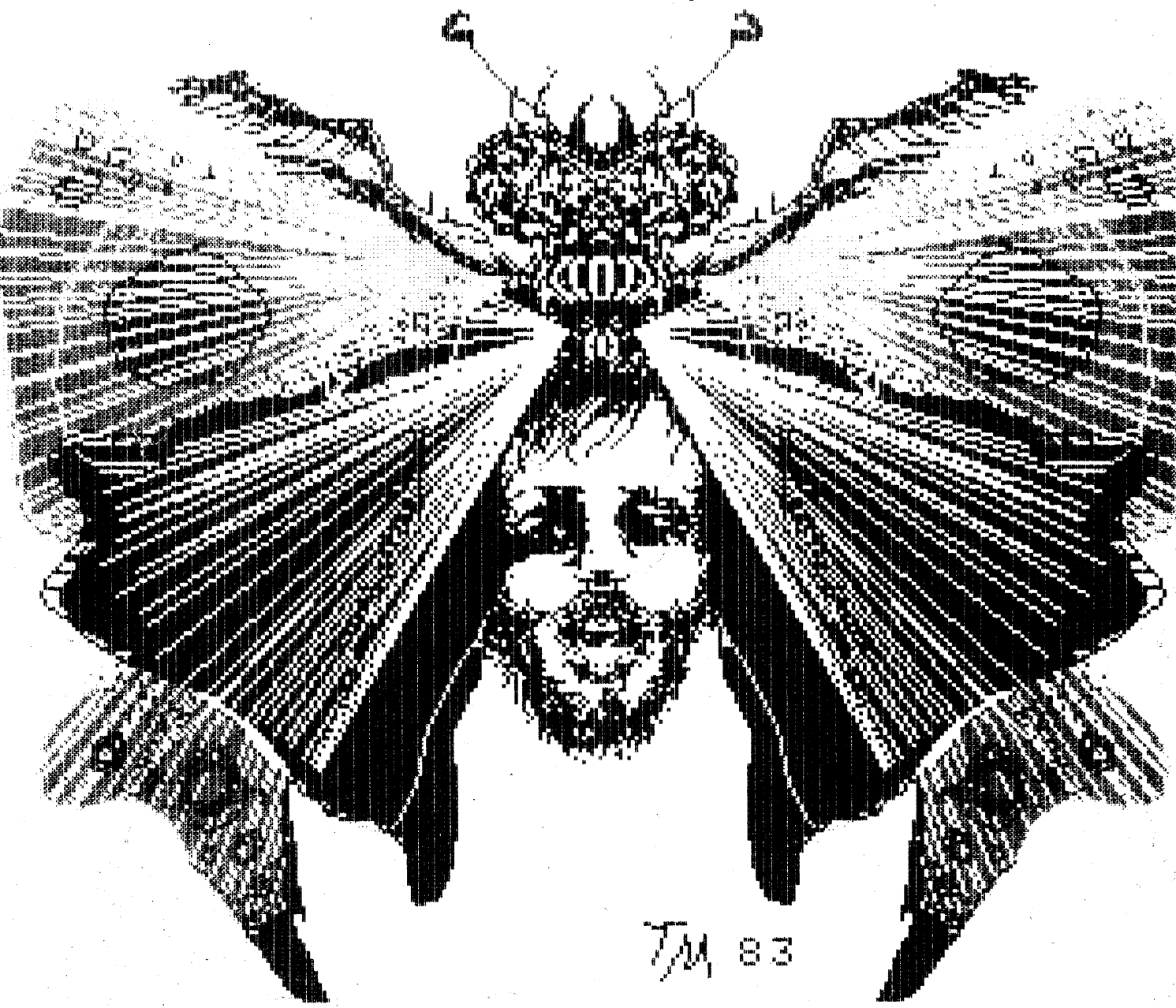
LIJN	CTRL	COLOR	LIJN	CTRL	COLOR
23	BFEF	BFEE	11	B9A7	B9A6
22	BF69	BF68	10	B921	B920
21	BEE3	BEE2	9	B89B	B89A
20	BE5D	BE5C	8	B815	B814
19	BDD7	BDD6	7	B78F	B78E
18	BD51	BD50	6	B709	B708
17	BCCB	BCCA	5	B683	B682
16	BC45	BC44	4	B5FD	B5FC
15	BBBF	BBBE	3	B577	B576
14	BB39	BB38	2	B4F1	B4F0
13	BAB3	BAB2	1	B46B	B46A
12	BA2D	BA2C	0	B3E5	B3E4

```

CTRL&COLOR BYTES IN A-MODE
MODE CTRL COLOR LIJN
1A/2A BAE7 BAE6 3
BA61 BA60 2
B9DB B9DA 1
B955 B954 0
3A/4A ACD3 ACD2 3
AC4D AC4C 2
ABC7 ABC6 1
AB41 AB40 0
5A/6A 7557 7556 3

```

FD00	b2 page signal	FF00	ser.inp.buf	74D1	74D0	2
	b3 serial out rdy	FF01	b0-6 keyb.inp.	744B	744A	1
	b4 right paddle		b7 in7 DCE	73C5	73C4	0
	b5 left paddle	FF02	Interr.reg.			
	b6 random data	FF03	b1 frame error			
	b7 cass. input		b2 overrun error			
FD01	Trigger paddle		b3 rec.buf.loaded	FF09	TIMER	0
FD04	0-3 volume ch.1(0)		b4 trans.buf.empty	FF0A	TIMER	1
	4-7 volume ch.2(1)			FF0B	TIMER	2
FD05	0-3 volume ch.3(2)	FF04	COMMAND REGISTER	FF0C	TIMER	3
	4-7 volume noise	FF05	BAUD RATE REGISTER	FF0D	TIMER	4
FD06	b0 cass.out	FF06	ser.out buf.	8253		
	b1/2 paddle select	FF07	keyb.output	CH 0	FC00/FC01	
	b3 paddle enable	FF08	interr.mask reg.	CH 1	FC02/FC03	
	b4 cass motor 1			CH 2	FC04/FC05	
	b5 cass motor 2			STATUS	FC06/FC07	
	b6/7 ROM BANK SWITCH		TEST EVENT			
			PEEK(éFD00) IAND 32			
			PEEK(éFD00) IAND 16			
			PEEK(éFD00) IAND 48			



TM 83