

CHAPTER 8 ROM CARTRIDGE

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3.1 General

The ROM cartridge, which is provided as a plug-in option of the NX-20, can read 2K to 16K bytes of data from an external ROM memory via the I/O ports using its addressing counter and shift register. The addressing counter is incremental and its value can also be reset to 0.

The ROM cartridge is designed for an output-only file as a ROM file to allow data output in this file format.

3.2 Configuration

Table 8.1 shows the I/O ports related to the ROM cartridge.

	Port	I/O	Description
Master MCU	P17	Input	ROM data (1 bit)
	P266	Output	Shift/load select (0: Load; 1: Shift)
	P267	Output	Clock
Slave MCU	P20	Input	ROM cartridge interface judgment
	P46	Input	ROM cartridge interface judgment
	P42	Output	Shift register clear (0: OFF (Clear) 1: ON (Don't clear))
	P43	Output	Power supply (0: OFF 1: ON)
	P44	Output	Addressing counter clear (0: OFF (Clear); 1: ON (Don't clear))

The ROM cartridge is configured as shown in Fig. 8-1. One byte of ROM data at the address indicated by the addressing counter is input to the shift register, which in turn transfers the ROM data to the master MCU.

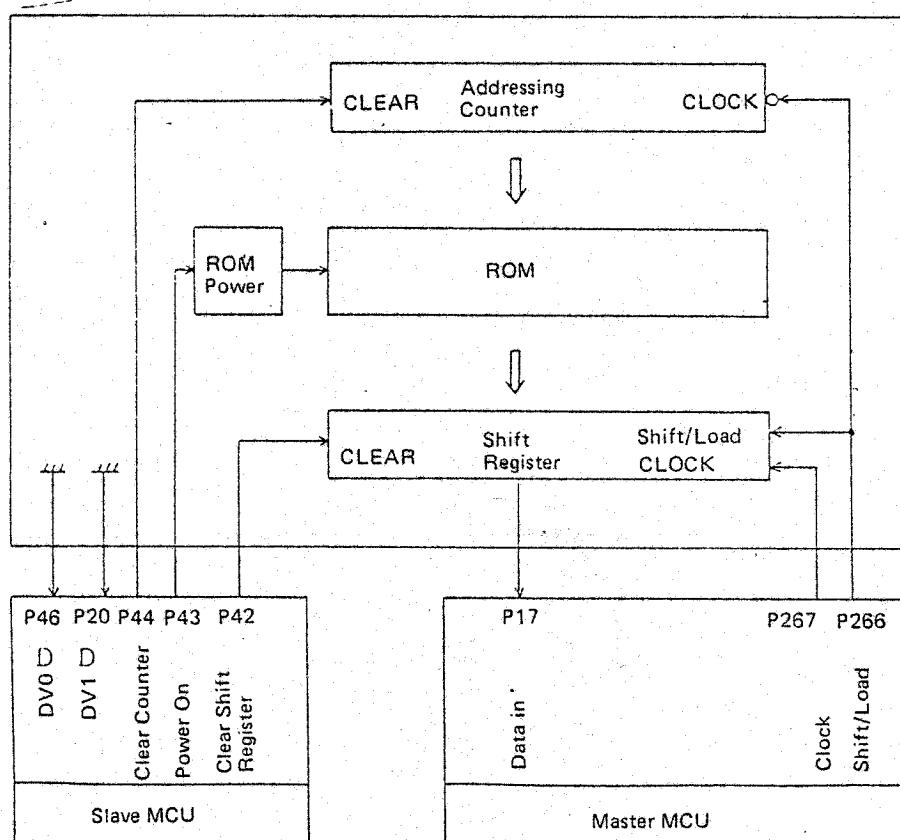


Fig. 8-1 Block Diagram of ROM Cartridge

8.3 Data Input Procedure

Only two types of instructions are applicable to the addressing counter: Clear (by setting the P44 of the slave MCU to "0") and Count-up. Data is fetched by the master MCU from the shift register by inputting one bit of data to the port P17 of the master MCU each time the data bits in the shift register are moved. Data input from the ROM cartridge is performed by the procedure as detailed below.

- (1) The power supply of the ROM cartridge is turned ON.

The port P43 of the slave MCU is the power supply port to turn on or off the ROM cartridge. The master MCU instructs the slave MCU to issue a ROM Power ON command to turn on the power supply of the ROM cartridge.

- (2) The addressing counter is cleared.

The addressing counter is automatically reset to 0 when the ROM Power ON command is issued to the ROM cartridge from the slave MCU.

- (3) The addressing counter is incremented to the address from which data is to be read.

The counter counts up when the voltage level at the port P266 (bit 6 at address 26) of the master MCU changes from High to Low.

- (4) When port P266 is at Low level, one byte of data at the address indicated by the addressing counter is loaded into the shift register at the leading edge of a CLOCK signal appearing at the P267 (bit 7 at address 26) of the master MCU. In this case, bit 7 is first loaded into the master MCU through port P17 (Data in).

- (5) When port P266 is at High level, the contents of the shift register are shifted by one bit at the trailing edge of the CLOCK signal (P267). By repeating this operation 7 times, one byte of data can be fetched by the master MCU.

- (6) If data input from the ROM cartridge is no longer required, the power supply of the ROM cartridge must be turned off by sending a command from the master MCU to the slave MCU to turn off the ROM power supply.

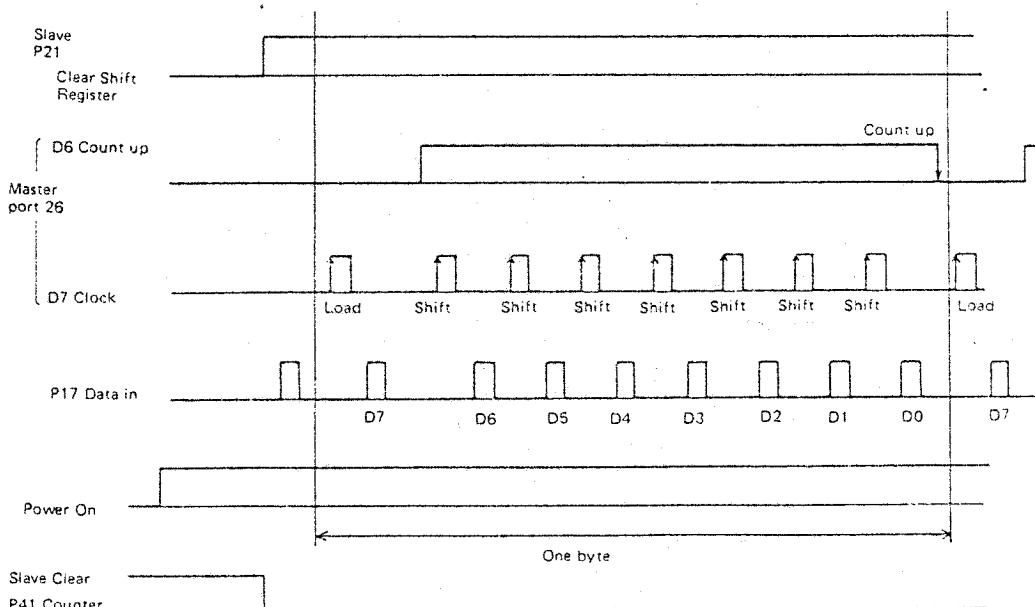


Fig. 8-2 Timing Chart of Data Input from ROM Cartridge

Note: If data is input after clearing the shift register, the data that is input to the master MCU is binary 0. If this Shift Register Clear operation is performed when the optional microcassette drive is connected to the HX-20, binary 1 is input.

8.4 ROM File

Data input from the optional ROM cartridge is supported in the form of data input from a ROM file. The ROM file consists of 32 headers and a data area. Each header may contain a maximum of 32 bytes of data as header information. The ROM file may only be accessed sequentially but not randomly.

Fig. 8-3 shows the structure of the ROM file.

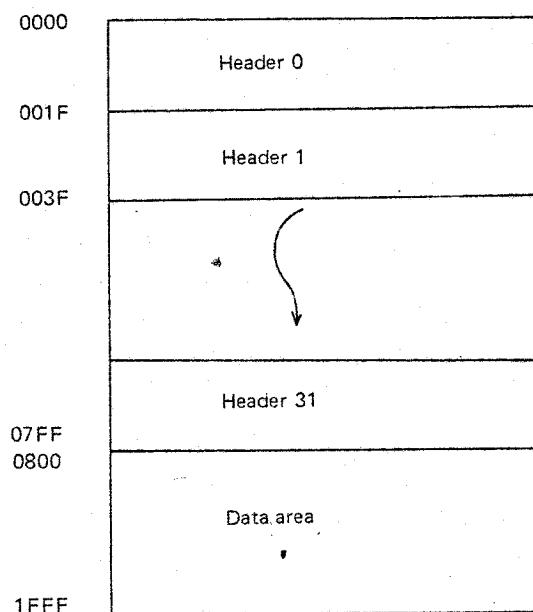


Fig. 8-3 Structure of ROM File

Headers are allocated as fixed areas from address 0000 in units of 32 bytes. Header 0 is from address 0000 to address 001F. A maximum of 32 headers can be set. The first one byte of each header represents the first letter of the filename as well as header information. If the first one byte of a header is "00", it indicates that the file with that header has been deleted. If "FF", it indicates that no subsequent header exists.

If the first one byte of header 2 is "FF", headers 0 and 1 are valid as headers. The contents of the header information are shown in Section 8.7 below.

8.5 Subroutines for ROM Cartridge

The following 4 subroutines are provided for the ROM cartridge:

- (1) OPNPRM: Opens the ROM file.
- (2) REDPRM: Inputs data from the ROM file in units of one byte.
- (3) CLSPRM: Closes the ROM file.
- (4) DIRPRM: Inputs the ROM file directory.

3.6 File Input Procedure

A ROM file is processed for data input as follows:

(1) Opening the ROM file

Subroutine "OPNPRM" is used to start the input of data from the ROM file.

(2) Data input

Data is read from the ROM file in units of one byte by subroutine "REDPRM."

(3) Closing the ROM file

Data input from the ROM file is terminated by subroutine "CLSPRM".

Note: Upon opening the ROM file, the ROM cartridge is energized.

The ROM file must be closed soon after the data input has been completed particularly when an NMOS type PROM with high power consumption is used.

3.7 Header Format of ROM File

Columns	Bytes	Item	Description
0 to 7	8	Filename	Filename (in ASCII codes.) Column 0 represents ID in addition to the filename. 00: File has been deleted. FF: No subsequent header exists.
8 to 15	8	File type	File type (in ASCII codes)
16 to 19	4	Starting address	The starting address of the ROM area secured as a file. The binary address value is expressed in 4-digit hexadecimal numbers (ASCII codes).
20 to 23	4	Ending address +1	The address next to the ending address of the ROM area secured as a file. The binary address value is expressed in 4-digit hexadecimal numbers (ASCII code).
24 to 29	6	Date	Month, day, and year each expressed in 2-digit ASCII codes.
30 to 31	2		Unused.

8.8 ROM Cartridge Subroutine Table

Subroutine name	Entry point	Description
OPNPRM	FEEC	<p>ROM file input open</p> <p>°Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry</p> <p>(A): This parameter specifies whether or not the filename is to be returned. 01: Return the filename opened in the packet. 00: Do not return the filename opened in the packet.</p> <p>(X): Starting address of packet</p> <p>°Packet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Filename (8 bytes) 2. File type (8 bytes) 3. Filename (8 bytes) (Enter the filename opened when the filename is to be returned.) 4. File type (8 bytes) (Enter the file type opened when the filename is to be returned.) <p>Note: In the filename specification for the packet, if the string specifying a filename contains an asterisk (*), the filename matching terminates at the point of the asterisk and the system assumes that both the filenames have matched. In BASIC Version 1.0, when the matching of the filename with an asterisk (*) terminates, the system assumes that both the file types have also matched. (Note that the ROM file open procedure differs from the cassette file open procedure.)</p> <p>At Return</p> <p>(C): Abnormal I/O flag (A): Return codes 00: Normal A0: ROM cartridge not mounted A1: File not found A2: File already open A4: Invalid header data format A5: Invalid header address format</p> <p>(Z): This parameter depends on the value of parameter (A).</p> <p>°Packet (filename, file type)</p> <p>°Registers retained: None</p> <p>°Subroutines referenced: "PRMPON", "PREDBY", "HEXBIN" and "CLSPRM"</p> <p>°Temporary variables used: R0, R1, and R2</p>

Subroutine name	Entry point	Description
REDPRM	FEE9	<p>Input of one byte from ROM file.</p> <p>°Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry None</p> <p>At Return (C) Abnormal I/O flag (Always 00) (A): Input data (B): Return codes 00: Normal 01: End of file A3: File not opened (Z): This parameter depends on the value of parameter (B).</p> <p>°Registers retained: (X)</p> <p>°Subroutines referenced: "ADSTEP"</p> <p>°Temporary variables used: None</p>
CLSPRM	FEE6	<p>ROM file close.</p> <p>°Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry None</p> <p>At Return (C): Abnormal I/O flag</p> <p>°Registers retained: (B) and (X)</p> <p>°Subroutines referenced: "CHKRS" and "SNSCOM"</p> <p>Note: An attempt to close an unopened ROM file is not regarded by the system as an error.</p>
DIRPRM	FEE3	<p>ROM file directory read.</p> <p>This subroutine specifies record number of the directory and inputs the record.</p> <p>°Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry (A): Directory record number from 0 through 63 (D) (X): Starting address of memory locations here the directory record is stored. The size of each record must be 32 bytes.</p> <p>At Return: (C): Abnormal I/O flag (A): Return codes 00: Normal A0: ROM cartridge not connected A3: Invalid specification of the directory record number (Z): This parameter depends on the value of parameter (A).</p> <p>°Registers retained: None</p> <p>°Subroutines referenced: "PRMPON", "ADSTEP", "PREDBY" and "CLSPRM"</p> <p>°Temporary variables used: None</p>

8.9 ROM Cartridge Work Areas

Address (from)(to)	Variable name	Bytes	Description
203 203	PRMSTS	1	Status of the ROM file Bit 0: File open status flag 0: File not opened 1: File opened Bits 1 ~ 6: Undefined Bit 7: Power supply for ROM 0: OFF, 1: ON
209 20A	STAPRS	2	ROM addressing counter
20B 20C	FTADRS	2	Starting address of file
20D 20E	EDADRS	2	Ending address of file + 1

ERR	SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	ROMOPT	--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---
	00001				NAM	ROMOPT
	00002				TTL	--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---
	00003			*	FILE	*EXS7* BY K.A
	00004				OPT	PAGE=55
	00005				OPT	LOAD
	00006			*		
	00007			*		
	00008			*	COMMON DEFINITION	
	00009			*		
	00010			*	MPU 6301 I/O PORT	
	00011	0002	A		PORT1	EQU \$02 * I/O PORT 1 (ADDRESS)
	00012	0003	A		PORT2	EQU \$03 * I/O PORT 2 (ADDRESS)
	00013			*		
	00014			*	OTHER REGISTERS	
	00015			*	REGISTER MEANINGS	
	00016			*		
	00017			*	PORT1 \$02	
	00018			*	0:R DATA SET READY (0:HIGH 1:LOW)	
	00019			*	1:R CLEAR TO SEND (0:HIGH 1:LOW)	
	00020			*	2:R PORT TO SLAVE P34 (SFLAG)	
	00021			*	3:R INTERRUPT FROM EXTERNAL PORT (0:INTERRUPT)	
	00022			*	4:R POWER FAIL (0:ABNORMAL)	
	00023			*	5:R KEY BOARD INTERRUPT FLAG (0:INTERRUPT)	
	00024			*	6:R PERIPHERAL STATUS (0:HIGH 1:LOW) (FROM SERIAL)	
	00025			*	7:R MICRO CASSETTE COUNTER / MICRO CASSETTE EXIST	
	00026			*		
	00027			*	\$26	
	00028			*	0:W LCD COMMAND/DATA 1	
	00029			*	1:W LCD COMMAND/DATA 2	
	00030			*	2:W LCD COMMAND/DATA 4	
	00031			*	3:W LCD COMMAND/DATA SELECTION (0:DATA 1:COMMAND)	
	00032			*	4:W KEY BOARD INTERRUPT MASK (0:CLOSE 1:OPEN)	
	00033			*	5:W PERIPHERAL CONTROL (TO SERIAL)	
	00034			*	6:W TO PLUG IN 1	
	00035			*	7:W TO PLUG IN 2 AND SLAVE P40	
	00036			*		

SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	ROMOPT	--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---	
00038					* COMMON DEFINITION	
00039					*	
00040					* ZERO PAGE RAM	
00041A 004E					ORG	\$4E
00042A 004E	0001	A	PWRFLG	RMB	1	* BIT 0-3: CLOCK POWER ON MODE * \$01:POWER ON BY CLOCK IN BASIC MODE * \$02:POWER ON BY CLOCK IN APPLICATION MODE
00043			*			* BIT 4-7: BEFOR POWER OFF, CALL PROCEDURE MODE
00044			*			* \$01:BEFOR POWER OFF, CALL PROCEDURE IN
00045			*			BASIC MODE.
00046			*			* \$02:BEFOR POWER OFF, CALL PROCEDURE IN
00047			*			APPLICATION MODE.
00048			*			
00049			*			
00050			*			
00051A 004F	0001	A	P26	RMB	1	* VALUE OF ADDRESS \$26
00052			*			* GENERAL REGISTERS USED BY I/O ROUTINE
00053	0050	A	R0	EQU	*	* 2 BYTES REGISTER (R0H,R0L)
00054A 0050	0001	A	R0H	RMB	1	
00055A 0051	0001	A	ROL	RMB	1	
00056	0052	A	R1	EQU	*	* 2 BYTES REGISTER (R1H,R1L)
00057A 0052	0001	A	R1H	RMB	1	
00058A 0053	0001	A	R1L	RMB	1	
00059	0054	A	R2	EQU	*	* 2 BYTES REGISTER (R2H,R2L)
00060A 0054	0001	A	R2H	RMB	1	
00061A 0055	0001	A	R2L	RMB	1	
00062	0056	A	R3	EQU	*	* 2 BYTES REGISTER (R3H,R3L)
00063A 0056	0001	A	R3H	RMB	1	
00064A 0057	0001	A	R3L	RMB	1	
00065			*			
00066A 007C			ORG	\$7C		
00067A 007C	0001	A	SIOSTS	RMB	1	* SLAVE I/O STATUS (EACH BIT 0:OFF, 1:ON)
00068			*			* BIT 0: PRINTER
00069			*			* BIT 1: EXTERNAL CASSETTE
00070			*			* BIT 2: INTERNAL CASSETTE
00071			*			* BIT 3: RS232C ON (READ)
00072			*			* BIT 4: SPEAKER ON
00073			*			* BIT 5: PROM CASSETTE
0074			*			* BIT 6: BAR CODE READER
00075			*			* BIT 7: BREAK SLAVE CPU (0:ON EXECUTE
00076			*			1:BROKEN BY INTERRUPT)
00077A 007D	0001	A	MIOSTS	RMB	1	* MAIN I/O STATUS EACH BIT (0:OFF 1:ON)
00078			*			* BIT 0: LCD ON READ/WRITE CHARACTERS
00079			*			* BIT 1: NOW SENDING COMMAND TO SLAVE CPU
00080			*			* BIT 2: NOW TRANSMITTING DATA TO SERIAL (1:ON)
00081			*			* BIT 3: ON CLOCK INTERRUPT (1:ON)
00082			*			* BIT 4: (POWER FAIL)
00083			*			* BIT 5: (OFF POWER SWITCH)
00084			*			* BIT 6: ON PAUSE KEY
00085			*			* BIT 7: ON BREAK KEY

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EPP SEQ LOC OBJECT PROGRAM ROMOPT --- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---

00087				* ROM CASSETTE WORK AREA	
00088A	0208			ORG \$208	
00089	0208	A	PRWKTP	EQU *	* ROM WORK TOP
00090A	0208	A	PRMSTS	RMS 1	* ROM STATUS (BIT7:POWER ON 1:ON 0:OFF
00091			*		* (BIT0:OPEN FLAG 1:OPEN 0:CLOSE
00092A	0209	A	STADRS	RMS 2	* ROM ADDRESS COUNTER
00093A	0208	A	FTADRS	RMB 2	* ADDRESS OF TOP OF FILE
00094A	0209	A	EDADRS	RMB 2	* ADDRESS OF LAST OF FILE +1

*** 6301 CROSS MACROASSEMBLER VER1.0 ***

10/21/82 09:42:26

--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---

ERR	SEG	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	ROMOPT	
00097A		1000				ORG \$1000
00098						*
00099		FF2E	A	CHKPLG	EQU	\$FF2E
00100		FF19	A	SNSCOM	EQU	\$FF19
00101		FF16	A	CHKRS	EQU	\$FF16
00102		FED4	A	WRTP26	EQU	\$FED4
00103		FF23	A	HEXBIN	EQU	\$FF2B
00104					*	
00105		0051	A	CMPRON	EQU	\$51
00106		0052	A	CMPROF	EQU	\$52
00107					*	* ROM POWER ON COMMAND TO SLAVE MCU
00108		012E	A	FILBYT	EQU	\$12E
00109					*	* REST BYTES IN THE FILE (2 BYTES SIZE)
00110					*	
00111				*	*	
00112				*	*	
00113				*	*	
00114				*	*	
00115				*	*	
00116				*	*	
00117				*	*	
00118				*	*	
00119				*	*	
00120				*	*	
00121				*	*	
00122				*	*	
00123				*	*	
00124				*	*	
00125				*	*	
00126				*	*	
00127				*	*	
00128				*	*	
00129				*	*	
00130				*	*	
00131				*	*	
00132				*	*	
00133				*	*	
00134				*	*	
00135				*	*	
00136				*	*	
00137				*	*	
00138				*	*	
00139				*	*	
00140				*	*	
00141				*	*	
00142				*	*	
00143				*	*	
00144				*	*	
00145				*	*	
00146				*	*	
00147				*	*	
00148				*	*	
00149				*	*	
00150				*	*	
00151				*	*	

--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---

00097A 1000 ORG \$1000

00098 * FF2E A CHKPLG EQU \$FF2E

00099 0051 A CMPRON EQU \$51 * ROM POWER ON COMMAND TO SLAVE MCU

00100 0052 A CMPROF EQU \$52 * ROM POWER OFF COMMAND TO SLAVE MCU

00101 012E A FILBYT EQU \$12E * REST BYTES IN THE FILE (2 BYTES SIZE)

00102 *
00103 *
00104 *
00105 *
00106 *
00107 *
00108 *
00109 *
00110 *
00111 * HEADER FORMAT OF PROM
00112 * 00 - 07 (DEC) : FILE NAME (00: \$00:DELETED \$FF:END OF HEADER)
00113 * 08 - 15 : FILE TYPE
00114 * 16 - 19 : TOP ADDRESS OF THE FILE
00115 * 20 - 23 : BOTTOM ADDRESS + 1
00116 * 24 - 29 : DATE
00117 * 30 - 31 : NOT USED

00118 *
00119 *
00120 *
00121 * FUNCTION : OPEN TO READ
00122 * ON ENTRY
00123 * (A)=READ MODE(0:NOT ANSWER FILE NAME
00124 * 1:ANSWER FILE NAME)
00125 * (X)=PACKET ADDRESS
00126 * PACKET 0-7: FILE NAME
00127 * 8-15: FILE TYPE
00128 * ON EXIT
00129 * (A)=RETURN CODE
00130 * 000:NORMAL
00131 * 0A0:WITHOUT ROM CASSETTE
00132 * 0A1:FILE IS NOT FOUND
00133 * 0A2:ALREADY OPEN
00134 * 0A3:DIRECTRY NUMBER ERROR
00135 * 0A4:ROM FORMAT ERROR
00136 * 0A5:ADDRESSING ERROR
00137 * (C)=0
00138 * (Z) DEPEND ON VALUE OF (A)
00139 * PACKET
00140 * 16-23: FOUND FILE NAME(WHEN "ANSWER FILE NAME" MODE)
00141 * 24-31: FOUND FILE TYPE(...)
00142 * REGISTER PRESERVE
00143 * NONE
00144 *
00145 * WORK AREA AS REGISTER
00146 * R0: SAVE PACKET ADDRESS
00147 * R1H: SAVE MODE WHEN OPEN PROCEDURE WAS CALLED (VALUE OF (A))
00148 * R1L: THE FLAG WHETHER FOUND FILE NAME IS MATCHED
00149 * (BIT 7:STOP TO COMPARE 0:CONTINUE TO COMPARE 1:STOP)
00150 * (BIT 0-4:FLAG FILE NAME IS MATCHED (0:MATCHED, OTHERS:NO)
00151 * R2H: READ CHARACTER (READ BYTE ROUTINE)

SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	ROMOPT	--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---
00152					* R2L: HEADER NUMBER
00153					*
00154A	1000	97 52 A	OPNPRM	STA A R1H	* SAVE MODE *ANSWER FILE NAME OR NOT*
00155A	1002	DF 50 A		STX R0	* SAVE PACKET ADDRESS
00156				*	
00157A	1004	BD 10EC A		JSR PRMPON	* WITH ROM CARTRIDGE ? (RESET ADDRESS COUNTER)
00158A	1007	26 73 1084*		BNE OPNP67	* IF NONZERO, ERROR DETECT.
00159A	1009	97 55 A		STA A R2L	* HEADER NUMBER = 0
00160A	1008	36 81 A		LDA A #\\$81	* SET OPEN AND POWER ON FLAG
00161A	100D	B7 0203 A		STA A PRMSTS	
00162				*	
00163				*	* READ HEADER AND SEARCH FILE NAME
00164A	1010	5F	OPNP20	CLR B	* (B): DATA COUNTER (0 - \$0F)
00165A	1011	D7 53 A		STA B R1L	* FLAG (NAME IS MATCHED)
00166A	1013	DE 50 A	OPNP25	LDX R0	* (X): PACKET ADDRESS
00167A	1015	3A		A8X	
00168A	1016	BD 10C2 A		JSR PRDPBY	* READ ONE CHARACTER FROM THE ROM
00169A	1019	25 72 1080*		BCS OPNP80	
00170A	1018	5D		TST B	* ADDRESS = FIRST COLUMN OF FILE NAME ?
00171A	101C	26 07 1025		BNE OPNP26	
00172A	101E	81 FF A		CMP A #\\$FF	* NOT FOUND ? (LAST DIRECTORY MARK= \\$FF)
00173A	1020	27 6C 108E		BEQ OPNP90	
00174A	1022	40		TST A	* DELETED ? (DELETED FILE MARK = \$00)
00175A	1023	27 2A 104F		BEQ OPNP35	
00176A	1025	7C 0052 A	OPNP26	TST R1H	* *ANSWER FILE NAME* MODE ?
00177A	1028	27 02 102C		BEQ OPNP27	
00178A	102A	A7 10 A		STA A 16,X	* YES, STORE FILE NAME TO DATA PACKET.
00179A	102C	7D 0053 A	OPNP27	TST R1L	* STOP TO COMPARE (FILE NAME IS MATCHED) ?
00180A	102F	28 14 1045		BMI OPNP29	
00181A	1031	36		PSH A	* **: MARK TO STOP TO COMPARE.
00182A	1032	86 2A A		LDA A #**	
00183A	1034	A1 00 A		CMP A 0,X	
00184A	1036	32		PUL A	
00185A	1037	26 05 103E		BNE OPNP28	
00186A	1039	72 8053 A		CIM #\\$80,R1L	* **: MARK. SET *STOP COMPARE* BIT
00187A	103C	20 07 1045		BRA OPNP29	
00188				*	
00189A	103E	A1 00 A	OPNP23	CMP A 0,X	* COMPARE FILE NAME.
00190A	1040	27 03 1045		BEQ OPNP29	
00191A	1042	7C 0053 A		INC R1L	* SET *FILE NOT MATCHED* FLAG
00192				*	
00193A	1045	5C	OPNP29	INC B	* FINISH TO COMPARE ?
00194A	1046	C1 10 A		CMP B #16	* FILE NAME AND FILE TYPE HAVE 16 BYTES LENGTH
00195A	1048	26 C9 1013		BNE OPNP25	
00196				*	
00197A	104A	78 0F53 A		FILE NAME AND FILE TYPE ARE COMPLETED TO COMPARE.	
00198A	104D	27 12 1061		TIM #\\$F,R1L	* OK ?
00199				BEQ OPNP50	
00200A	104F	7C 0055 A		*	
00201A	1052	D6 55 A	OPNP35	INC R2L	* R2L: HEADER NUMBER (NEXT)
00202A	1054	C1 40 A		LDA S R2L	* ADDRESS OF HEADER = '32' * 'HEADER NUMBER'
00203A	1056	2A 36 108E		CMP B #64	*
00204A	1058	86 20 A		BPL OPNP90	* LIMIT OF THE HEADER (\$000 - \\$3FF)
00205A	105A	3D		LDA A #32	
00206A	105B	18		MUL	
				XGDX	* (X) : NEXT ADDRESSING POINTER

ERR SEQ LOC OBJECT PROGRAM ROMOPT --- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---

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00207
00208A 105C BD 1155 A           JSR     ADSTEP    * SET ADDRESSING COUNTER TO FIRST COLUMN OF
00209A 105F 20 AF 1010          BRA     OPNP20    * THE HEADER.

00210
00211
00212
00213A 1061 CE 0204 A           * TOP ADDRESS AND LAST ADDRESS WHICH ARE SHOWN BY ASCII CODE ARE
00214A 1064 8D 5C 10C2          OPNP50 LDX #PRWKTP-4
00215A 1066 36                 OPNP65 BSR PREDBY  * (A,B) <-- ASCII CODED HEXADECIMAL VALUE.
00216A 1067 8D 59 10C2          PSH A
00217A 1069 16                 BSR PREDBY
00218A 106A 32                 TAB
00219A 106B BD FF28 A           PUL A
00220A 106E 26 15 1085          JSR     HEXBIN    * CONVERT HEX TO BINARY.
00221A 1070 A7 07 A             BNE     OPNP70    * ERROR ?
00222A 1072 08                 STA A  FTADRS-PRWKTP+4,X
00223A 1073 8C 0208 A           INX
00224A 1076 26 EC 1064          CPX     #PRWKTP
00225
00226A 1078 EC 05 A             BNE     OPNP65
00227A 107A A3 03 A             LDD     EDADRS-PRWKTP,X * 'EDADRS' <-- LAST ADDRESS
00228A 107C FD 012E A           SUBD   FTADRS-PRWKTP,X * 'FTADRS' <-- TOP ADDRESS
00229
00230A 107F 86 81 A             STD     FILBYT   * 'FILBYT' <-- DATA NUMBER IN THE FILE.
00231A 1081 A7 00 A             LDA A  #581      * SET 'OPENED FILE' FLAG.
00232A 1083 4F                 STA A  PRMSTS-PRWKTP,X
00233A 1084 39                 CLR A
00234
00235A 1085 86 A4 A             OPNP67 RTS
00236A 1087 36                 OPNP70 LDA A #5A4      * FORMAT ERROR
00237A 1088 BD 113D A           OPNP75 PSH A
00238A 108B 32                 JSR     CLSPRM    * ERROR CLOSE
00239A 108C 16                 PUL A
00240A 108D 39                 TAB    * SET (Z), (N)
00241
00242A 108E 86 A1 A             OPNP80 RTS
00243A 1090 20 F5 1087          OPNP90 LDA A #5A1      * RETURN CODE (FILE WAS NOT FOUND)
00244
00245
00246
00247
00248
00249
00250
00251
00252
00253
00254
00255
00256
00257
00258A 1092 3C                 REDPRM PSHX    * SAVE (X)
00259
00260A 1093 C6 A3 A             LDA B  #$A3      * PRESET ERROR CODE (FILE IS NOT OPEN)
00261A 1095 86 0208 A             LDA A  PRMSTS   * IS POWER ON ? (BIT0, BIT7 BOTH ON)

```

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ERR	SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	ROMOPT	--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---	
	00262A	1098	2A 0D 10A7		BPL	REDP08	
	00263A	109A	47		ASR A		
	00264A	109B	24 0A 10A7		6CC	REDP08	
	00265			*			
	00266A	109D	FC 0200 A	REDPOS	LDD	EDADRS	* IS CURRENT ADDRESS BOTTOM IN THE FILE ?
	00267A	10A0	B3 0208 A		SUBD	FTADRS	
	00268A	10A3	26 06 10AB		BNE	REDP10	
	00269			*			
	00270A	10A5	C6 01 A		LDA B	#1	* EOF RETURN
	00271A	10A7	4F	REDP08	CLR A		
	00272A	10A8	5D		TST B		* SET (Z), (N), CLEAR (C).
	00273A	10A9	38		PULX		
	00274A	10AA	39		RTS		
	00275			*			
	00276		10AB A	REDP10	EQU *		
	00277A	10AB	18		XGDX		
	00278A	10AC	09		DEX		
	00279A	10AD	FF 012E A		STX	FILBYT	* SET 'REST DATA NUMBER IN THE FILE'
	00280A	10B0	C6 A5 A		LDA B	#3A5	* PRESET 'ADDRESSING ERROR' FLAG
	00281A	10B2	25 F3 10A7		BCS	REDP08	
	00282A	10B4	FE 0203 A		LDX	FTADRS	* NON ERROR,
	00283A	10B7	3C		PSHX		
	00284A	10B8	BD 1155 A		JSR	ADSTEP	* ROM ADDRESSING <---- +1 INCREMENT
	00285A	10B8	38		PULX		
	00286A	10B9	D8		INX		
	00287A	10D	FF 0208 A		STX	FTADRS	* ADDRESSING COUNTER <---- +1 INCREMENT
	00288A	10C0	5F		CLR B		* RETURN CODE = NORMAL
	00289A	10C1	38		PULX		
	00290			*			
	00291			*			
	00292			*			
	00293			*			
	00294			*			
	00295			*			
	00296			*			
	00297			*			
	00298			*			
	00299			*			
	00300			*			
	00301			*			
	00302			*			
	00303			*			
	00304			*			
	00305			*			
	00306			*			
	00307			*			
	00308			*			
	00309			*			
	00310			*			
	00311			*			
	00312			*			
	00313			*			
	00314			*			
	00315			*			
	00316A	10C2	37		PREDBY PSH B		

ERR	SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	ROMCPT	--- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---
	00317A	10C3	86 01	A	LDA A #\\$1	* 1: MARK FOR 3 TH TIME.
	00318A	10C5	97 54	A	STA A R2H	
	00319A	10C7	5F		CLR B	
	00320A	10C8	C4 7F	A	REDP20 AND B #\$FF-\$80	* BIT 7 LOW (D7)
	00321A	10CA	86 C0	A	LDA A #\\$C0	* BIT6,7 EFFECTIVE
	00322A	10CC	BD FED4	A	JSR WRTP26	* CLOCK LOW (FIRST TIME: D6 LOW)
	00323A	10CF	CA 80	A	ORA B #\$80	* CLOCK HIGH (FIRST TIME :READ DATA)
	00324A	10D1	BD FED4	A	JSR WRTP26	* SECOND TIME:SHIFT DATA)
	00325		*			
	00326A	10D4	96 02	A	LDA A PORT1	* INPUT DATA (BIT7, BIT6 ,...)
	00327A	10D6	48		ASL A	
	00328A	10D7	79 0054	A	ROL R2H	* R2L:SHIFT ONE BIT WHICH WAS GET.
	00329A	10DA	CA 40	A	ORA B #\$40	* FOR D6:HIGH
	00330A	10DC	24 EA 10C8		BCC .REDP20	* COMPLETE TO READ 8 BITS ?
	00331		*			
	00332A	10DE	FC 0209	A	LDD STADRS	* ASSRESSING POINTER <-- +1 INCREMENT
	00333A	10E1	C3 0001	A	ADD#1	
	00334A	10E4	FD 0209	A	STD STADRS	
	00335		*			
	00336A	10E7	96 54	A	LDA A R2H	* (A) <-- READ DATA
	00337A	10E9	33		PUL B	
	00338A	10EA	5D		TST B	* CLEAR (C), SET (Z) FOR 'REDPRM' ROUTINE
	00339A	10EB	39		RTS	
	00340		*			
	00341		*			
	00342		*			
	00343		*			
	00344		*			
	00345		*			
	00346		*			
	00347		*			
	00348		*			
	00349		*			
	00350		*			
	00351		*			
	00352		*			
	00353		*			
	00354		*			
	00355		*			
	00356A	10EC	BD FF2E	A	PRMPON JSR CHKPLG	* CHECK PLUG-IN OPTION
	00357A	10EF	25 26 1117		BCS PRMP80	
	00358A	10F1	16		TAB	
	00359A	10F2	26 23 1117		BNE PRMP80	
	00360A	10F4	72 207C	A	OIM #\$20,SIOSTS * SLAVE ROM CASSETTE ON	
	00361A	10F7	FD 0209	A	STD STADRS * ROM ADDRESS = 0 (A,B)=0	
	00362A	10FA	86 C0	A	LDA A #\\$C0	
	00363A	10FC	BD FED4	A	JSR WRTP26 * SET D6,D7 LOW (COUNT, CLOCK)	
	00364A	10FF	86 51	A	LDA A #\$51	
	00365A	1101	BD FF19	A	JSR SNSCOM * SEND 'PROM ON COMMAND' TO SLAVE MCU.	
	00366A	1104	25 11 1117		BCS PRMP80	
	00367A	1106	3C		PSHX	
	00368A	1107	CE 0190	A	LDX #400 * WAIT 2 M SEC	
	00369A	110A	09		PRMP20 DEX	
	00370A	110B	26 FD 110A		BNE PRMP20	
	00371A	110D	FE 0208	A	LDX PRMSTS * SET POWER ON FLAG (ON BIT?)	

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ERR SEQ LOC OBJECT PROGRAM ROMOPT --- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---

```

00372A 1110 62 8000 A          OIM    #$80,0,X
00373A 1113 38          PULX
00374A 1114 4F          CLR A
00375A 1115 20 33 114A        BRA    CLSP10 * (JMP CHKRS)
00376
00377A 1117 86 A0 A          PRMP80 LDA A #$A0      * WITHOUT ROM CASSETTE (ERROR)
00378A 1119 39          RTS
00379
00380
00381
00382
00383
00384
00385
00386
00387
00388
00389
00390
00391
00392
00393
00394A 111A 16          DIRPRM TAB      * SAVE DIRECTORY NUMBER
00395A 111B 86 A3 A          LDA A #$A3      * (A) <-- DIRECTORY ERROR FLAG (PRESET)
00396A 111D C1 40 A          CMP B #64      * IS DIRECTRY NO. LIMIT (00 - 63) OK ?
00397A 111F 24 29 114A        BCC    CLSP10
00398
00399A 1121 DF 50 A          STX    R0      * SAVE ADDRESS OF DIRECTORY
00400
00401A 1123 37
00402A 1124 8D C6 10EC
00403A 1126 33
00404A 1127 26 21 114A
00405
00406A 1129 86 20 A          LDA A #32      * CALCULATE HEADER ADDRESS (32 * "NUMBER")
00407A 112B 30
00408A 112C 18
00409A 112D 8D 26 1155
J041,0A 112F C6 20 A          BSR    ADSTEP     * SET ROM ADDRESS
00411A 1131 DE 50 A          LDA B #32
00412A 1133 37
00413A 1134 8D 8C 10C2*
C0414A 1136 A7 00 A          LDX    R0
00415A 1138 08
00416A 1139 33
00417A 113A 5A
00418A 1133 26 F6 1133        DIRP10 PSH B
                                BSR    PRD8Y      * READ ONE CHARACTER
                                STA A 0,X
                                INX
                                PUL B
                                DEC B
                                BNE    DIRP10
00419
00420
00421
00422
00423
00424
00425
00426
                                * FUNCTION : CLOSE ROM CASSETTE
                                * ON ENTRY
                                * PARAMETER NONE
                                * ON EXIT
                                * (C): I/O ERROR FLAG
                                * REGISTER PRESERVE

```

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ERR SEQ LOC OBJECT PROGRAM ROMOPT --- ROM CARTRIDGE INTERFACE ROUTINE ---

00427 * (B),(X)
00428 *
00429A 113D 7F 0203 A CLSPRM CLR PRMSTS * SET ROM STATUS "POWER OFF", "CLOSED FILE"
00430A 1140 86 52 A LDA A #CMPROF * SEND "POWER OFF COMMAND" TO SLAVE MCU.
00431A 1142 BD FF19 A JSR SNSCOM
00432A 1145 71 DF7C A AIM #SFF-\$20,SIOSTS * SET FLAG ("ROM CASSETTE IS OFF")
00433A 1148 86 00 A LDA A #0 * (DO NOT CHANGE (C) BIT)
00434A 114A 7E FF16 A CLSP10 JMP CHKRS * RECOVER RS232 (OPEN TO READ RS232)
00435 *
00436 *
00437 * FUNCTION : SET PROM ADDRESS TO DESTINATED VALUE
00438 * ON ENTRY
00439 * (X)= TARGET ADDRESS
00440 * ON EXIT
00441 * (C): I/O ERROR FLAG
00442 * REGISTER PRESERVE
00443 * NONE
00444 *
00445 114D A ADSTOO EQU * CASE OF (NEW ADDRESS < CURRENT ADDRESS)
00446A 114D 8D 9D 10EC BSR PRMPON * WITHOUT ROM ? (CLEAR ADDRESSING COUNTER)
00447A 114F 26 20 1171 BNE ADST80 * WITHOUT ?
00448A 1151 5F CLR B * IF ROM (A):0
00449A 1152 FD 0209 A STD STADRS * ROM ADDRESSING COUNTER <--- 0
00450 *
00451 * ENTRY POINT OF "ADSTEP" ROUTINE
00452A 1155 3C ADSTEP PSHX * (A,B)<---(X)
00453A 1156 32 PUL A
00454A 1157 33 PUL B
00455A 1158 B3 0209 A SU3D STADRS * NEW ADDRESS >= CURRENT ADDRESS ?
00456A 1158 27 14 1171 BEQ ADST80 * = ?
00457A 115D 25 EE 114D BCS ADSTOO *
00458 * CASE OF "TARGET ADDRESS > CURRENT ADDRESS"
00459A 115F FF 0209 A STX STADRS * SET NEW ADDRESS TO "STADRS"
00460A 1162 18 XGDX * (X)<--- STEP COUNT
00461 *
00462A 1163 5F ADST30 CLR B * COUNT UP ADDRESSING COUNTER
00463A 1164 86 C0 A LDA A #5C0
00464A 1166 BD FED4 A JSR WRTP26
00465A 1169 C6 40 A LDA B #540
00466A 116B BD FED4 A JSR WRTP26
00467A 116E 09 DEX
00468A 116F 26 F2 1163 BNE ADST30
00469A 1171 39 ADST80 RTS
00470 *
00471 0000 A END
***** TOTAL ERRORS 0

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CHAPTER 9 LOAD MODULE

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9.1 General

The module format for output of data by the SAVEM command in BASIC or the W command in the Monitor is a special format called a "Binary Load Module format". One file is divided into a number of records each containing memory addresses and data (Fig. 9-1).

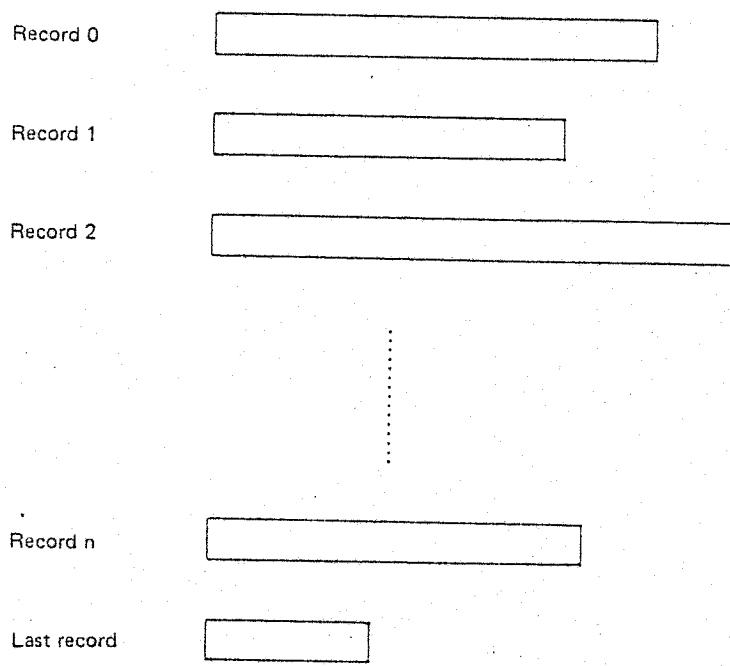


Fig. 9-1 Division of File into Records

Each record has a maximum length of 259 bytes and each data contained in the record is represented in binary numbers in units of one byte. The format of each record is shown below.

9.2 Load Module (Machine Language) Format

(1) Intermediate record

Column	Size (bytes)	Item	Description
0	1	Record length	Indicates the length of the data contained in the record in binary numbers (00 through FF).
1 ~ 2	2	Address	Indicates the address of the first data in the record in binary numbers 0000 through FFFF (in order of the upper and lower digits).
3	1	Data	Data 1. Namely, first data (00 through FF).
4	1	Data	Data 2
n	1	Data	Data n (n must be a value in the range of 0 to 255.)
n + 1	1	Checksum	This value must be such that the low-order 8 bits of the sum of the data values in columns 0 through n + 1 become 0.

(2) Last record

Column	Size (bytes)	Item	Description
0	1	Record length	This value must always be 0.
1 ~ 2	2	Address	Indicates the entry point of a program in binary numbers (0000 through FFFF in order of the upper and lower digits).
3	1	Checksum	This value must be such that the low-order 8 bits of the sum of the data values in columns 0 through 3 become 0.

9.3 Dump/Load Procedures

9.3.1 I/O devices

The basic I/O routines support the following devices:

- (1) Input
 - (a) External audio cassette
 - (b) Built-in microcassette
 - (c) ROM cartridge
- (2) Output
 - (a) External audio cassette
 - (b) Built-in microcassette

9.3.2 Dump/load procedures

The memory contents in the binary load module format are transferred to and from an external storage as follows:

- (1) Output to the external storage
 - (a) File opening
Subroutine "OPNDMP" is provided to open the specified file (device) for output. Subroutine "OPNWCS" is called if the specified file is an external audio cassette.
 - (b) Output of the memory contents
Subroutine "BIDUMP" is provided to output the memory contents in the binary load module format to the opened file and closes it upon completion of the dumping.
- (2) Input from the external storage
 - (a) File opening
Subroutine "OPNLOD" is provided to open the specified file (device) for input. Subroutine "OPNPRM" is called if the specified file is a ROM cartridge.
 - (b) Loading into memory
Subroutine "BILOAD" is provided to store the input data in the binary load module format in the main memory and closes the file upon completion of the loading.

9.4 Binary Dump/Load Subroutine Table

Subroutine name	Entry point	Description
OPNDMP	FEE0	<p>Binary memory dump open. This subroutine opens the file to be dumped in a binary absolute format and supports an external cassette and the built-in microcassette drive.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (X): Top address of a data packet (B): Device name <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'M': Microcassette drive 'C': External audio cassette <p>Packet</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interblock tape stop mode (1 byte) for external audio cassette or microcassette <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00: Stop the tape between blocks. 01: Do not stop the tape between blocks. 2. Top address of buffer (2 bytes). The buffer size is 260 bytes. 3. Filename (8 bytes) 4. File type (8 bytes) 5. Dump start address (2 bytes) 6. Dump end address (2 bytes) 7. Offset value (2 bytes) 8. Program entry point (2 bytes) <p>Note:</p> <p>The offset value is added to the dump start address, dump end address, or the program entry point as an unsigned binary number.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>At Return</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (C): Abnormal I/O flag (A): Return code (This parameter is dependent on subroutines OPNNCS and OPNWMS.) <p>Registers retained</p> <p>None</p> <p>Subroutines referenced</p> <p>OPNWMS, OPNWCS</p> <p>Variables to be used:</p> <p>R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7</p>
BIDUMP	FE00	<p>Binary memory dump. This subroutine dumps the memory contents in a binary absolute format to the file opened by subroutine OPNDMP and closes the file upon completion of the dumping.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry</p> <p>None</p>

		<p>At Return Depend on subroutines WRTCS, WRTMS. Registers retained None Subroutines referenced WRTCS, WRTMS Variables used R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6 and R7</p>
OPNLOD	FEDA	<p>Binary memory load. This subroutine opens the file to be loaded and loads the contents of the file dumped in binary absolute format, into memory.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>At Entry</p> <p>(X): Top address of a data packet</p> <p>(B): Device name</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'M': Microcassette 'C': External audio cassette 'P': ROM cartridge <p>(A): Specifies whether or not the filename is to be returned.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00: Return the filename. 01: Do not return the filename. <p>Packet</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interblock tape stop mode (1 byte) for external audio cassette or microcassette. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00: Stop the tape between blocks. 01: Do not stop the tape between blocks. FF: Depends on the header. 2. Top address of buffer (2 bytes) The buffer size is 260 bytes. 3. Filename (8 bytes) 4. File type (8 bytes) 5. Lower limit of the memory address to be loaded (2 bytes) 6. Upper limit of the memory address to be loaded (2 bytes) 7. Offset value (2 bytes) <p>Note:</p> <p>The offset value is added to the address information of a file (load start address, load end address, or program entry point) as an unsigned binary number. The interblock tape stop mode is effective only for 'M' or 'C' but not for 'P'.</p> <p>If the return of a filename is specified by register (A), the filename is returned after the 19th byte of the packet. (In this case, the packet contents after the lower limit of the memory address are destroyed.)</p> <p>Since subroutines OPNRCS, SRCRCS, OPNRMS, SRCRMS, and OPNPRM are actually called, the packet depends on these subroutines.</p>

		<p>At Return</p> <p>(C): Abnormal I/O FLAG</p> <p>(A): Return codes</p> <p> 8C: Load area exceeds the specified memory space range.</p> <p> Other return codes depend on OPNRCS, SRCRCS, OPNRMS, SRCRMS and OPNPRM</p> <p>Registers retained</p> <p>None</p> <p>Subroutines referenced</p> <p>OPNRCS, SRCRCS, OPNRMS, SRCRMS, and OPNPRM</p> <p>Variables used</p> <p>R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R7</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>Assuming that the upper- and lower-limit values of the memory addresses that can be loaded by the packet are μ and λ, respectively and that the address of a data to be loaded is α, the data can be loaded only when the following condition is satisfied.</p> $\lambda \leq \alpha \leq \mu$ <p>If the address is not within this range, return code 8C (load area error) is output to interrupt the loading operation by force.</p> <p>The file is closed upon completion of the loading.</p>
BILOAD	FED7	<p>This subroutine loads the contents of the file opened by subroutine "OPNLOD" into the memory and closes the file upon completion of the loading.</p> <p>PaRAMETERS:</p> <p>At Entry</p> <p>(A): Specifies whether or not the contents of the file are to be loaded into the memory.</p> <p> 00: Load the contents of the file into the memory.</p> <p> 01: Check the load module format only. Do not load the file contents.</p> <p>At Return</p> <p>(X): Program entry point The value specified by the offset value is added to the value of the entry point recorded in the file.</p> <p>(A): Return codes</p> <p> 00: Normal</p> <p> 8C: Load area exceeds the specified memory space range.</p> <p>Others: Depend on the return codes of a file input routine.</p> <p>Registers retained</p> <p>None</p> <p>Subroutines referenced</p> <p>READMS, READCS, REDPRM</p> <p>Variables used</p> <p>R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6 and R7</p>

9.5 Binary Dump/Load Work Area

Address (From) (To)	Variable name	Bytes	Description
20F 210	DLTPAD	2	First dump address
211 212	DLBTAD	2	Last dump address
213 214	DLOFAD	2	Offset value
215 216	DLSTAD	2	Program entry point
217 217	DLDVID	1	Dump/load device
218 218	DLSTS	1	Status work area (dummy)
219 21A	DLDVIX	2	Table address of a dump/load routine

ERR	SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	CLOCK	--- CLOCK SAMPLE PROGRAM ---
-----	-----	-----	--------	---------	-------	------------------------------

```

00001           NAM     CLOCK
00002
00003           * DISPLAY CURRENT TIME ON THE PHYSICAL SCREEN.
00004           * MPU IS SLEEP IF CLOCK UPDATE IS NOT CAUSED.
00005
00006           * FILE NAME    'EX$8'   BY K.A
00007           TTL      --- CLOCK SAMPLE PROGRAM ---
00008           OPT      PAGE=55
00009           OPT      LOAD
00010A 1000     ORG      $1000
00011
00012           * SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT
00013     FFA9 A   SLEEP EQU    $FFA9    * SLEEP CPU
00014     FF4C A   DSPLCH EQU   $FF4C    * DISPLAY ONE CHARACTER ON THE PHYSICAL SCREEN
00015     FF49 A   DSPLCN EQU   $FF49    * DISPLAY SOME CHARACTERS ON THE PHYSICAL SCREEN
00016
00017
00018A 1000     ORG      $1000
00019
00020A 1000 C6 00 A   LDA B #0      * CLEAR SCREEN
00021A 1002 BD FFA9 A   JSR DSPLCN
00022A 1005 86 FF A   LDA A #$FF
00023A 1007 97 41 A   STA A $41    * ALARM INTERRUPT TIME
00024A 1009 97 43 A   STA A $43    * = ANY TIME WHEN SECOND IS UPDATED.
00025A 1008 97 45 A   STA A $45
00026
00027A 100D 72 2048 A   CLOCK10 OIM    #$20,$48  * ENABLE ALARM INTERRUPT.
00028A 1010 BD FFA9 A   JSR SLEEP
00029A 1013 96 44 A   LDA A $44    * MCU IS SLEEP FOR SAVE POWER.
00030A 1015 16
00031A 1016 84 F0 A   TAB
00032A 1018 47
00033A 1019 47
00034A 101A 47
00035A 101B 47
00036A 101C 8A 30 A   ORA A #0
00037A 101E CE 0502 A   LDX #$0502
00038A 1021 37
00039A 1022 BD FF4C A   PSH B
00040A 1025 32
00041A 1026 84 0F A   JSR DSPLCH
00042A 1028 8A 30 A   PUL A
00043A 102A BD FF4C A   AND A #$0F
00044A 102D 86 3A A   ORA A #0
00045A 102F BD FF4C A   JSR DSPLCH
00046A 1032 96 42 A   LDA A #::*
00047A 1034 16
00048A 1035 84 F0 A   LDA A $42    * LOAD 'MINUTE'
00049A 1037 47
00050A 1038 47
00051A 1039 47
00052A 103A 47
00053A 103B 8A 30 A   ASR A
00054A 103D CE 0302 A   ORA A #10
00055A 1040 37
                                LDX #$0302
                                PSH B

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ERR	SEQ	LOC	OBJECT	PROGRAM	CLOCK	--- CLOCK SAMPLE PROGRAM ---	
	00056A	1041	BD FF4C A		JSR DSPLCH		
	00057A	1044	32		PUL A	* DISPLAY (LOW ORDER)	
	00058A	1045	34 0F	A	AND A #\$0F		
	00059A	1047	8A 30	A	ORA A #0		
	00060A	1049	BD FF4C A		JSR DSPLCH		
	00061A	104C	86 3A	A	LDA A #:	*	
	00062A	104E	BD FF4C A		JSR DSPLCH		
	00063A	1051	96 40	A	LDA A \$40	* LOAD 'SECOND'	
	00064A	1053	16		TAB	* DISPLAY 'SECOND'	
	00065A	1054	84 F0	A	AND A #\$F0	* (HIGH ORDER)	
	00066A	1056	47		ASR A		
	00067A	1057	47		ASR A		
	00068A	1058	47		ASR A		
	00069A	1059	47		ASR A		
	00070A	105A	8A 30	A	ORA A #0		
	00071A	105C	CE 0B02	A	LDX #\$0B02		
	00072A	105F	37		PSH B		
	00073A	1060	BD FF4C A		JSR DSPLCH		
	00074A	1063	32		PUL A	* DISPLAY (LOW ORDER)	
	00075A	1064	84 0F	A	AND A #\$0F		
	00076A	1066	8A 30	A	ORA A #0		
	00077A	1068	BD FF4C A		JSR DSPLCH		
	00078A	1068	20 A0 1000		BRA CLK10-		
	00079			*			
	00080		0000 A		END		

***** TOTAL ERRORS 0

---- BINARY DUMP FORMAT OF OBJECT CODE ----

13 10 00 C6 00 BD FF 49 86 FF 97 41 97 43 97 45 72 20 48 3D FF A9 BD
13 10 13 96 44 16 84 F0 47 47 47 47 8A 30 CE 05 02 37 3D FF 4C 32 4A
14 10 26 84 0F 8A 30 3D FF 4C 86 3A 8D FF 4C 96 42 16 84 F0 47 47 47 62
14 10 3A 47 8A 30 CE 08 02 37 3D FF 4C 32 84 0F 8A 30 3D FF 4C 86 3A 43
12 10 4E 90 FF 4C 96 40 16 84 F0 47 47 47 47 8A 30 CE 08 02 37 40
00 10 60 60 FF 4C 32 84 0F 8A 30 3D FF 4C 20 40 34
00 10 00 F0